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SOARD RADAR - AN/APQ-93

Engineering Review Meeting

of

3 and 4 January 1963

Charts and Notes Used For Presentation

by

Westinghouse Electric Corporation

Air Arm Division

Baltimore 3, Maryland

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25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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AGENDA

Engineering Review Meeting

3 and 4 January 1963

I. Design Evaluation

Mooney

1. System Performance

- a. Stability
- b. Resolution - Az. and Range
- c. Transfer Characteristics
- d. S/N

2. Analytical Tasks

3. System S/N

- a. Predicted S/N
- b. Possible Improvements

4. System Resolution

II. Motion Compensation

Raven - Wheeler

1. Motion Compensation System

- a. Deliverable System
- b. F-101 Installation

2. Analysis of Operation in F-101 Without Motion Compensation

3. Predicted Operation in F-101

4. Predicted Future Operation

III. Antenna Development

Wheeler

1. Results to Date
2. Predicted Performance
3. Possible Improvements

IV. System Units

Dempsey

1. Resonant Ring Improvement
2. New Transmitter - Crossed Field Amplifier
 - a. Performance
 - b. Schedule

V. Flight Test Program

Stinson

1. Comparison of Flights - S-11 and S-33
2. Flight Test Schedule
3. Detail Flight Plans - Flights S-34, S-35, S-36

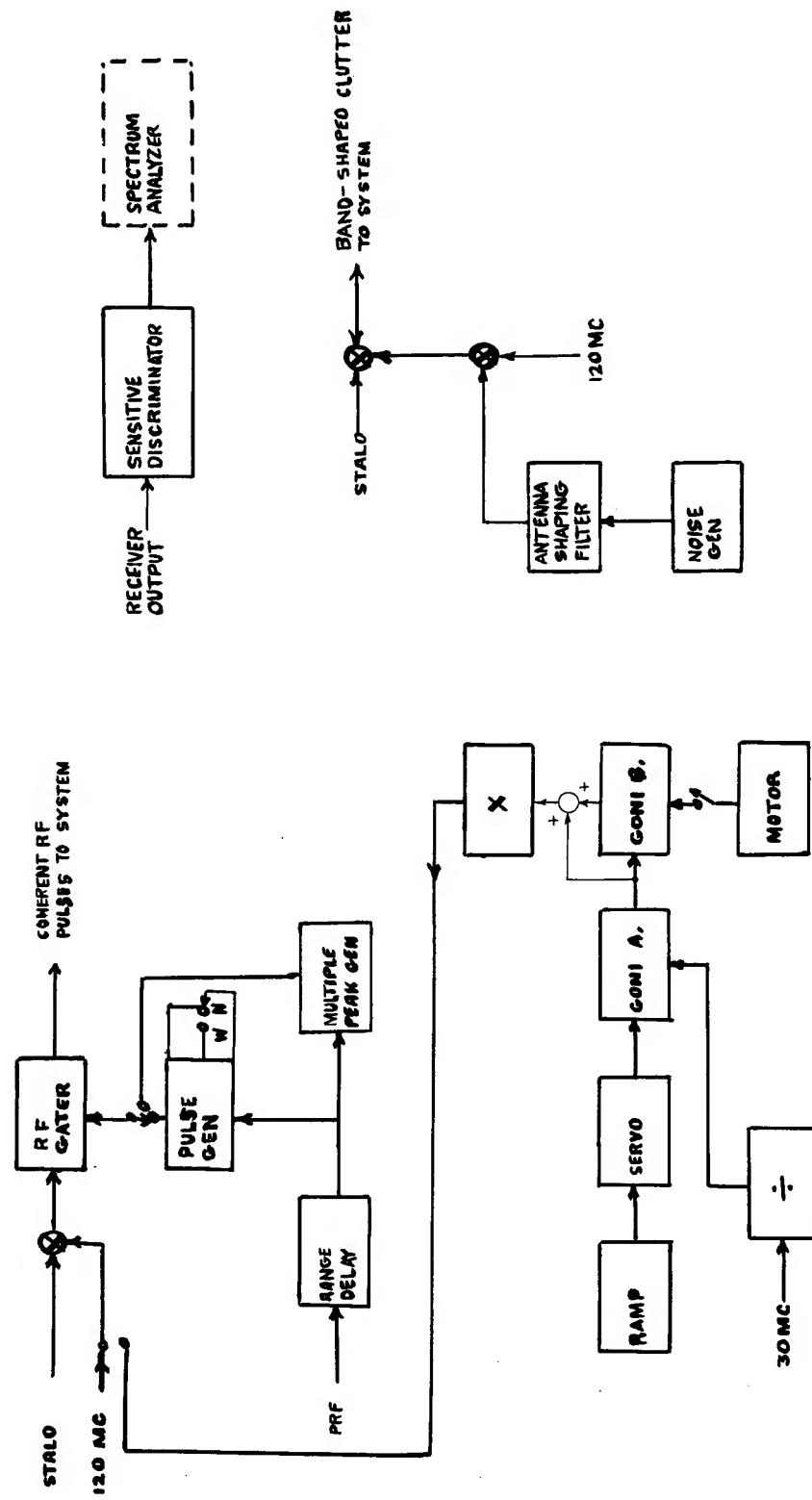
VI. Environmental Test Program

Stinson

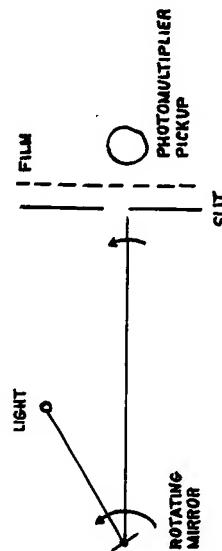
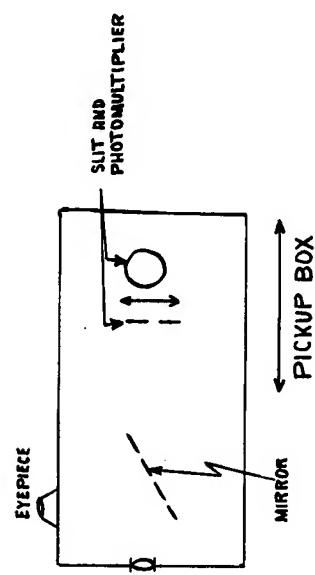
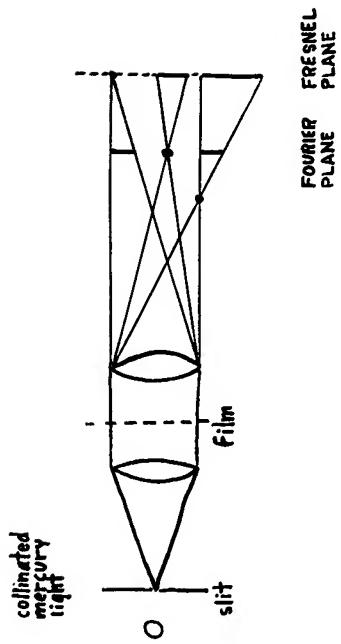
1. Test Schedule
2. Test Procedures

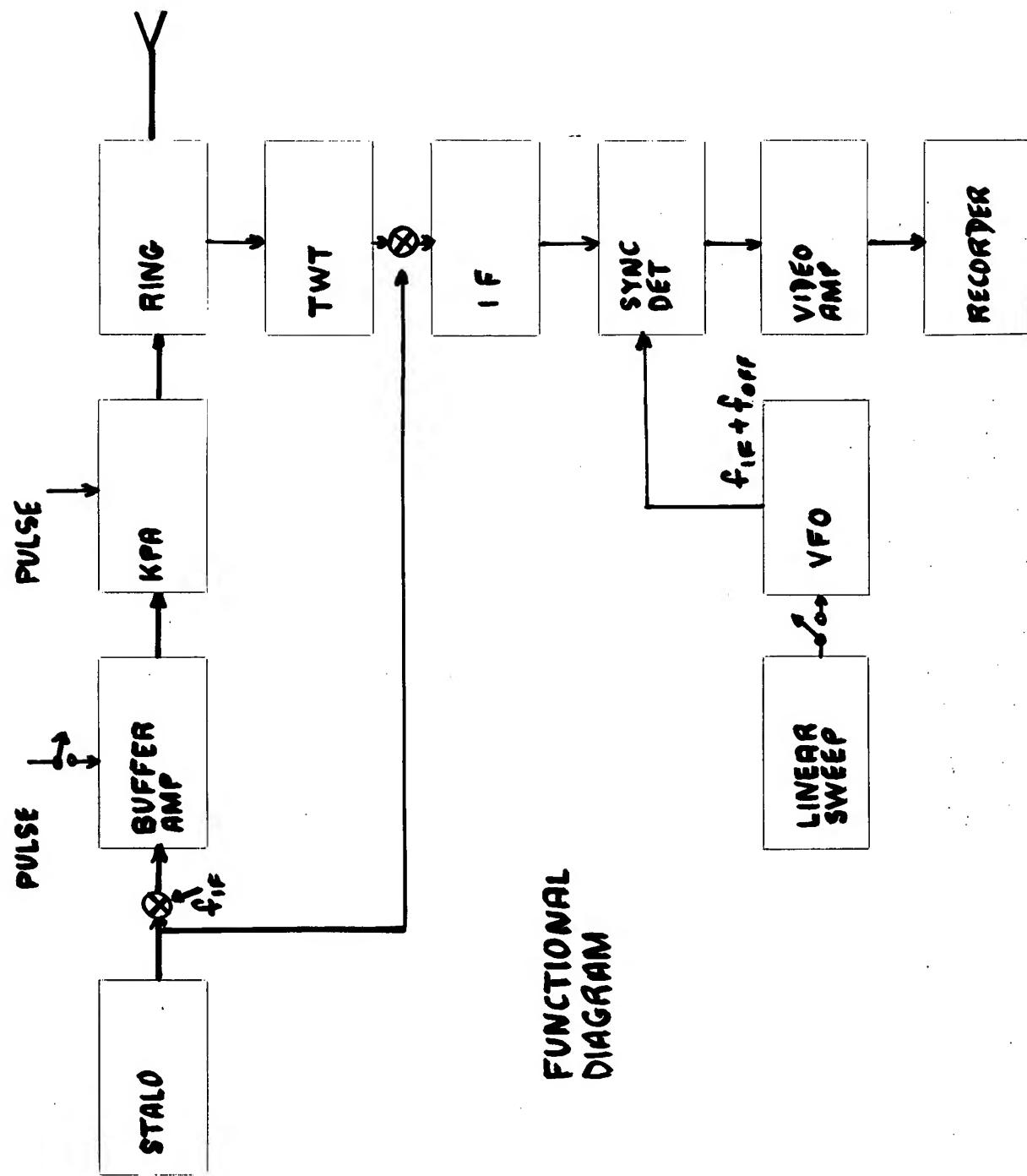
I. DESIGN EVALUATION

TEST SET



FILM EVALUATORS





DESIGN EVALUATION RESULTS

- I. PHASE STABILITY
 - a. RECEIVER AND REFERENCES WITH DISCRIMINATOR AND SPECTRUM ANALYZER
 - b. STALO WITH STALO TESTER
 - c. RECORDER AND RECEIVER WITH SINE WAVE AND FM PATTERNS
 - d. TEST SET WITH PHASE DETECTOR
 - e. KPA WITH PHASE DETECTOR
 - f. RING WITH PHASE DETECTOR
 - g. STALO WITH CORNER REFLECTOR AND PHASE DETECTOR
 - h. WHOLE SYSTEM (EXCEPT TRANSMITTER) AND TEST SET FM PATTERNS
 - i. WHOLE SYSTEM INCLUDING TRANSMITTER WITH CORNER REFLECTOR FM PATTERNS
 - j. CORRELATION OF DIFFERENT PARTS OF FM
 - k. PULSE JITTER WITH JITTER TESTER

- II. AZIMUTH RESOLUTION
 - a. CORRELATOR WITH 2 SINE WAVE AND FM PATTERNS
 - b. SINE WAVES THROUGH WHOLE SYSTEM, RECORDED, CORRELATED
 - c. FM PATTERN THROUGH WHOLE RECEIVER, CORRELATED, RESOLUTION
 - d. FM PATTERN, WHOLE SYSTEM FROM CORNER REFLECTOR
 - e. IMPROVEMENTS TO CORRELATOR
 - f. IMPROVEMENTS TO RECORDER
 - g. RECEIVER LOW FREQUENCY CUT-OFF

III. RANGE RESOLUTION

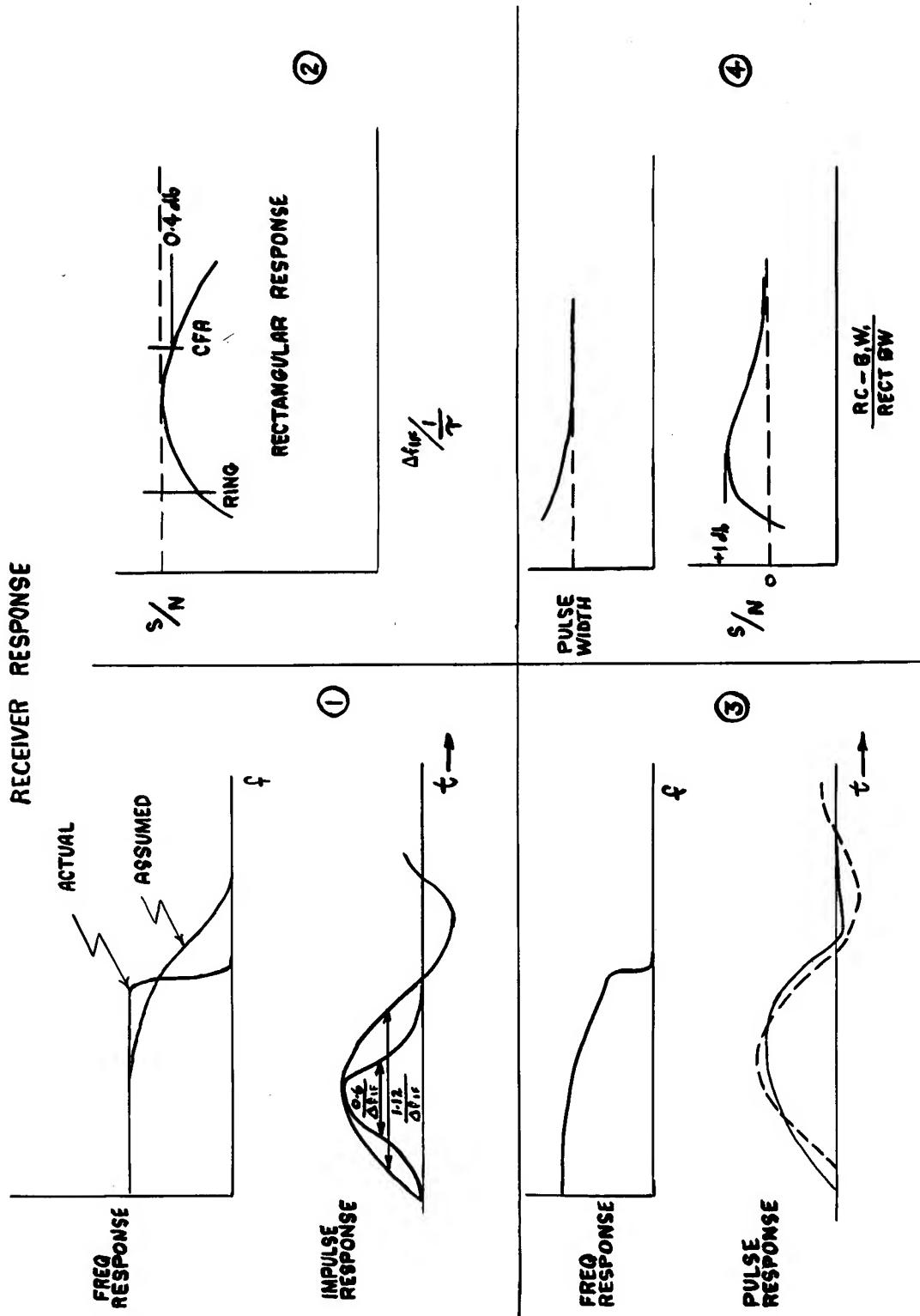
- a. RECEIVER WIDTH AND SHAPE WITH TEST SET
- b. RESPONSE SHAPING WITH RC AND RECORDER
- c. MULTIPLE PULSES WITH RECEIVER, RECORDER
- d. RECEIVER LOW-FREQUENCY CUT-OFF

IV. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

- a. $\sqrt{\text{TRANSMISSION}}$ VS. GRID VOLTAGE
- b. SINE WAVE RECORDING HARMONICS VS. GRID BIAS
- c. RECORDER-CORRELATOR DYNAMIC RANGE
- d. FM PATTERNS FOR IF AND VIDEO LIMITING

V. SIGNAL/NOISE

- a. NOISE RECORDINGS
- b. SINE AND FM PATTERNS WITH NOISE

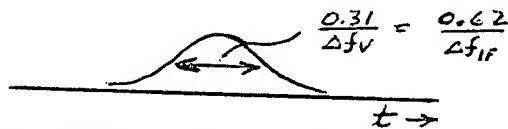


~~SECRET~~Receiver Response

Original analysis assumed:

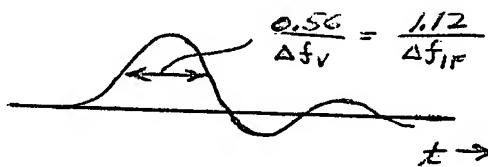
- Gaussian shaped frequency response of receiver.
- Gaussian shaped transmitter pulse.

Impulse response of Gaussian receiver has pulse width at the -6 db points of $\frac{0.31}{f_{\text{video}} \text{ (3 db)}}$ or $\frac{0.62}{f_{\text{IF}} \text{ (3 db)}}$, and is gaussian:



For actual system, both assumptions a and b turned out to be poor choices. The pulse is much more nearly rectangular, and the receiver response is much more nearly rectangular also.

Receiver as mechanized has response determined almost entirely by IF, and is 7 cascaded 2-pole maximally flat networks, with overall -3 db bandwidth of 60 mc centered at 120 mc. Response for 8 -two pole networks evaluated on computer:



Response is nearly twice as wide as for gaussian receiver, and has overshoot. This result is almost exactly the same as for a rectangular IF frequency response, which should be no great surprise, since receiver has $-6 \times 14 = -84$ db/octave cutoff. Receiver response is then 20 nanoseconds for an impulse, compared to 10 nanosec transmitter. Seems clear that:

- receiver should be widened if plan to use 10 nsec.
- response should be shaped to reduce ringing.

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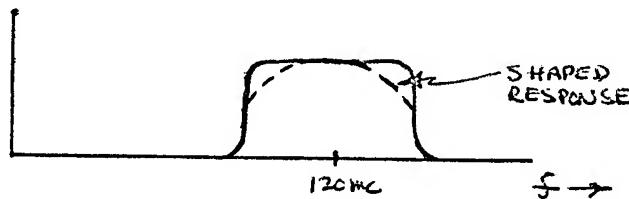
Enclosed photographs show measured response for both 10 and 30 nanosecond pulses, at the IF and the video amp outputs. Also shown is comparison between:

- a. measured output for 10 nanosec pulse.
- b. measured output for 30 nanosec pulse.
- c. theoretical output for 8 two pole networks for impulse.
- d. theoretical output for rectangular filter for impulse.

Good agreement is seen.

Since plan to go to 30 nanosecond pulse for cross-field amplifier, receiver bandwidth should be at least adequate as is. Figure shows effect of receiver bandwidth on S/N, for a rectangular filter and rectangular pulse, both of which are good approximations to existing case. Points on curve indicate "ring" (10 nanosec pulse) and "CFA" (30 nanosec). The present receiver is very near optimum for S/N for a 30 nanosec pulse (0.4 db loss). Next figure shows effect of bandwidth on resolution, by comparing receiver output pulse width to input pulselwidth. Could tolerate narrower receiver for 30 nanosec pulse without much resolution loss.

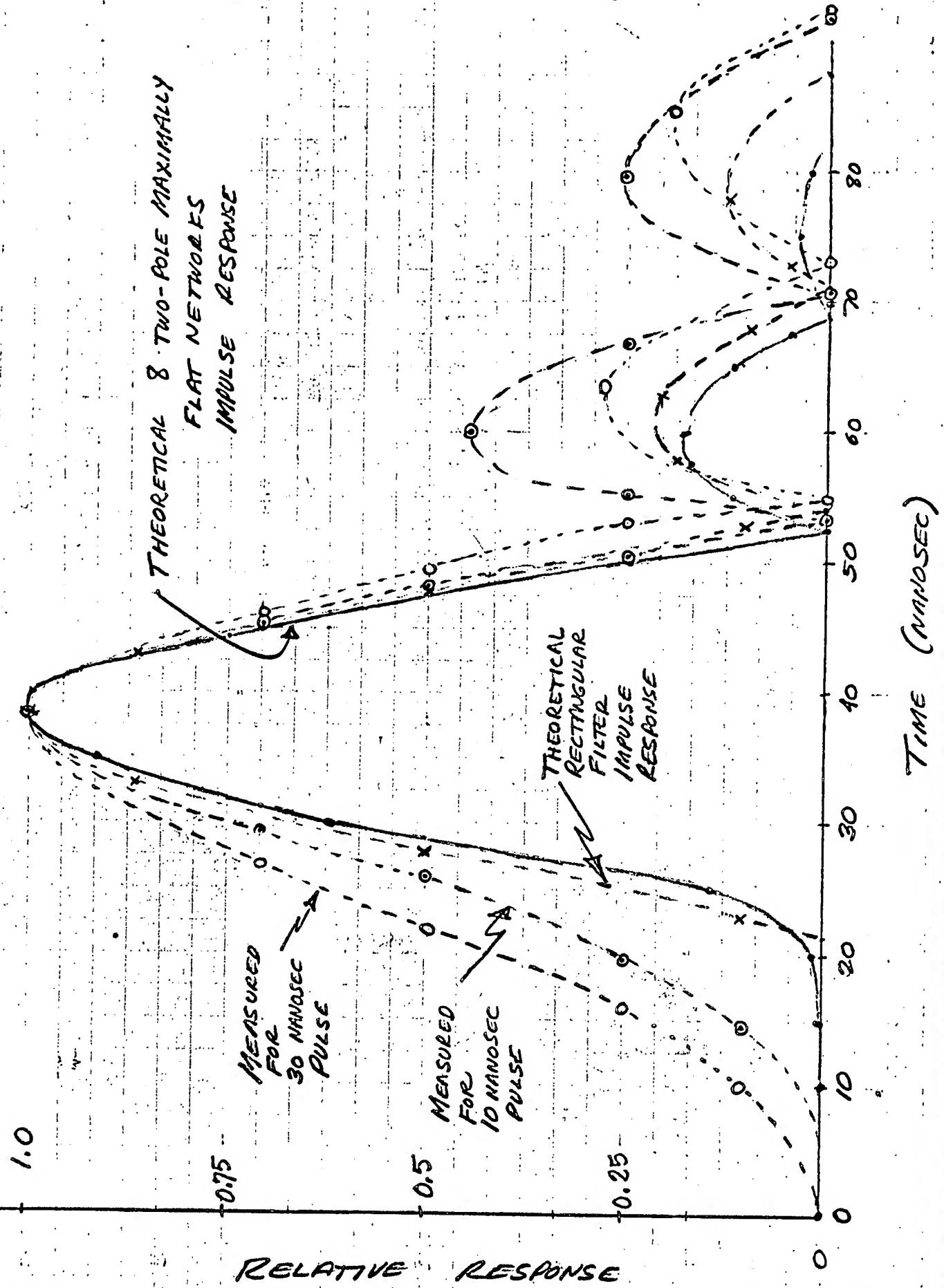
One way to narrow receiver is by shaping it with a single L-C (or RC at video) filter to round-off response and thereby reduce ringing.



Photographs show effect of adding RC filter to video amp output having 20 mc, 12 mc, and 5 mc 3 db bandwidth. Very little is lost in resolution or amplitude, but side lobes are virtually eliminated for the 12 mc filter. Of course since noise is reduced by the filter also, the S/N should actually be improved slightly.

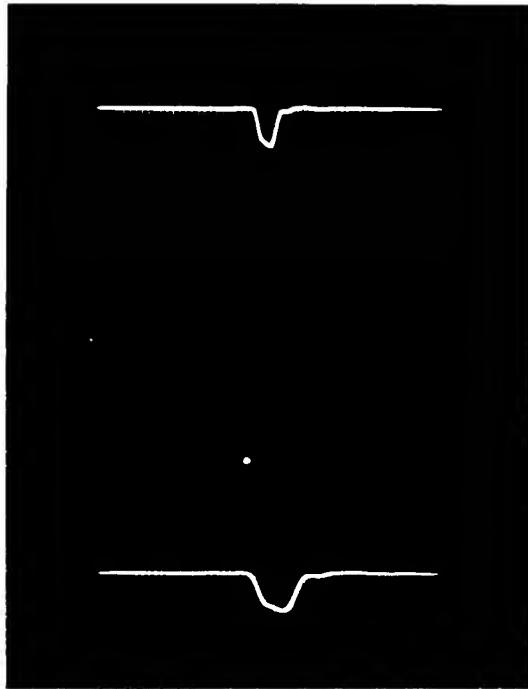
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Comparison of Measured and Calculated Response

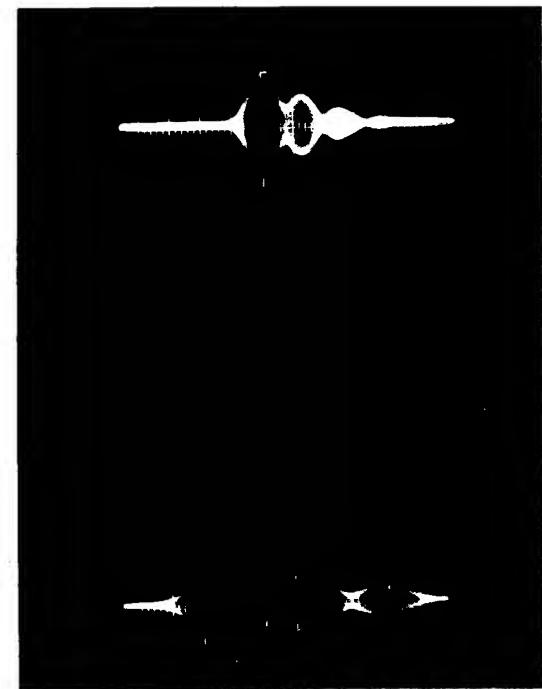


Receiver Response for 10 Nanosecond Pulse

Detected RF Input Pulse



IF Amplifier Output Pulse
(Bipolar)

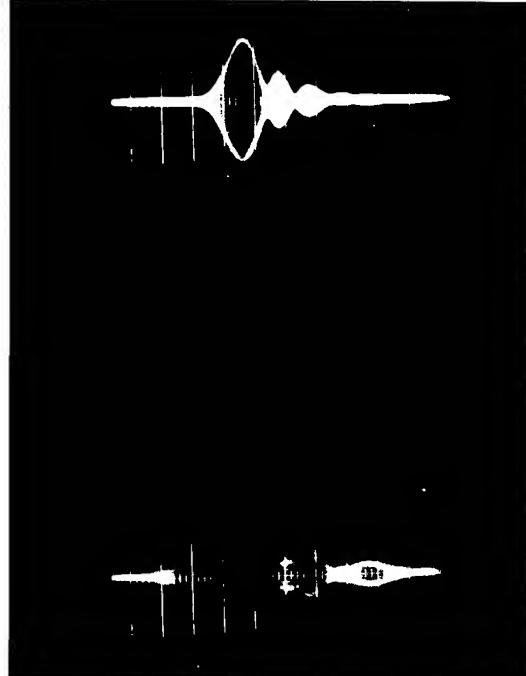


Video Amp Output Pulse
(Bipolar)

All pictures:

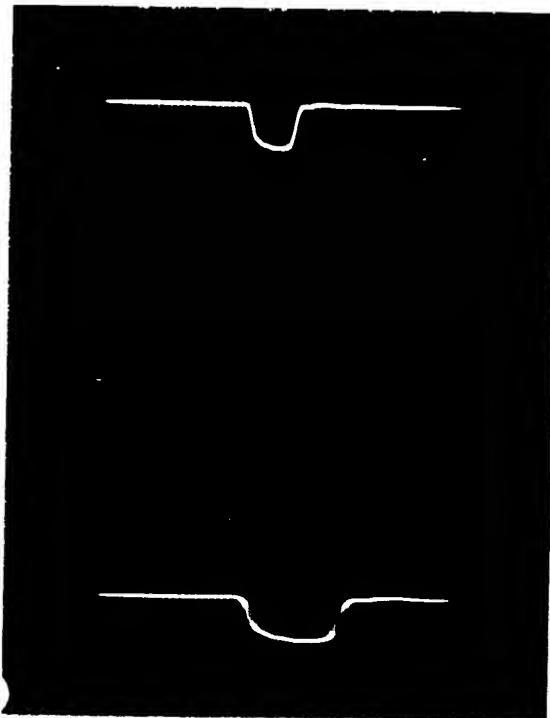
upper half at 20 nanosec/cm

lower half at 10 nanosec/cm

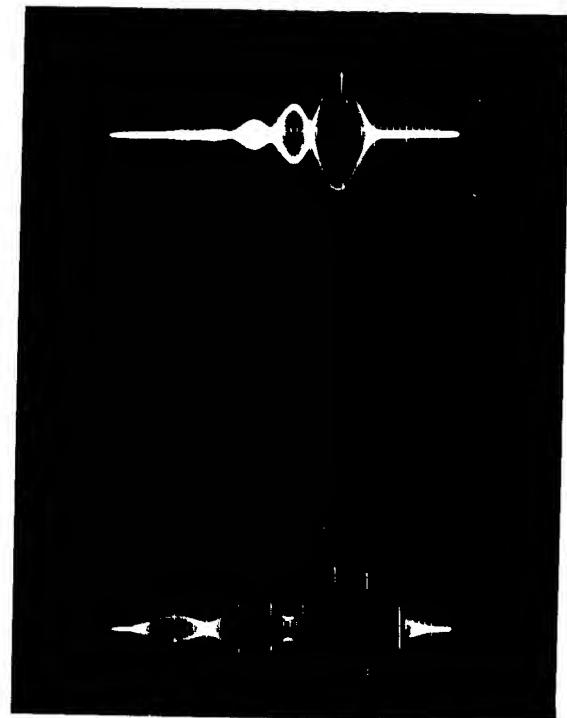


Receiver Response for 30 Nanosecond Pulse

Detected RF Input Pulse



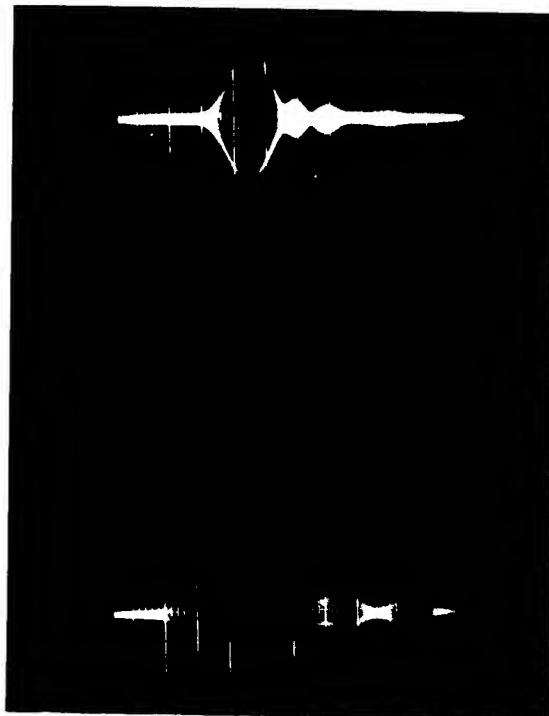
IF Amplifier Output Pulse
(Bipolar)



All pictures:

upper half at 20 nanosec/cm

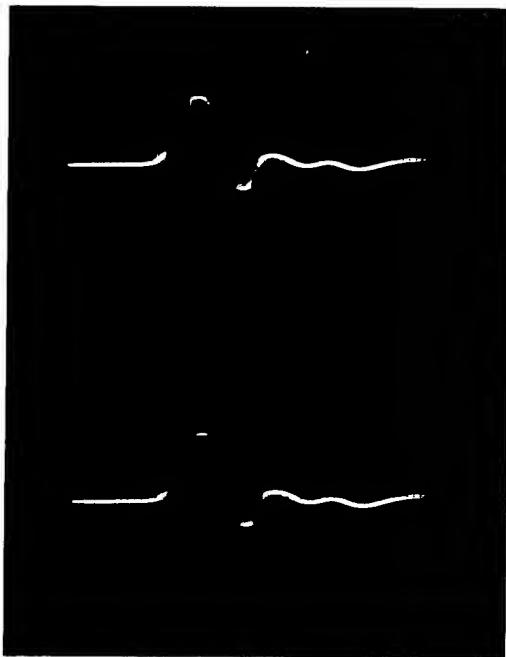
lower half at 10 nanosec/cm



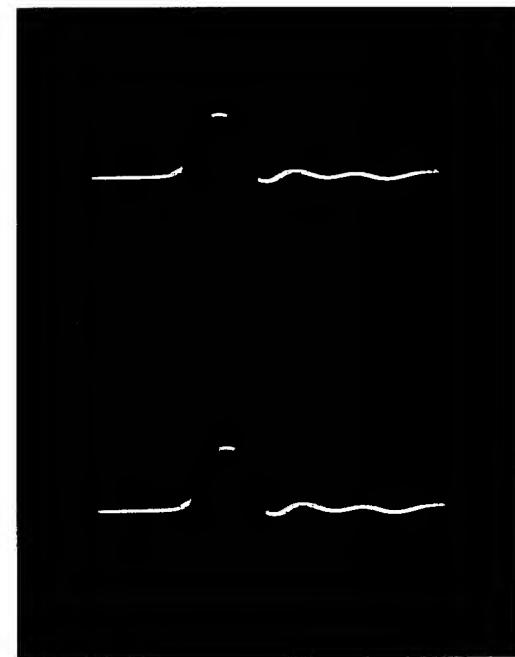
Video Amp Output P:
(Bipolar)

EFFECT OF RESPONSE SHAPING
(all photos: 20 nanosec/cm)

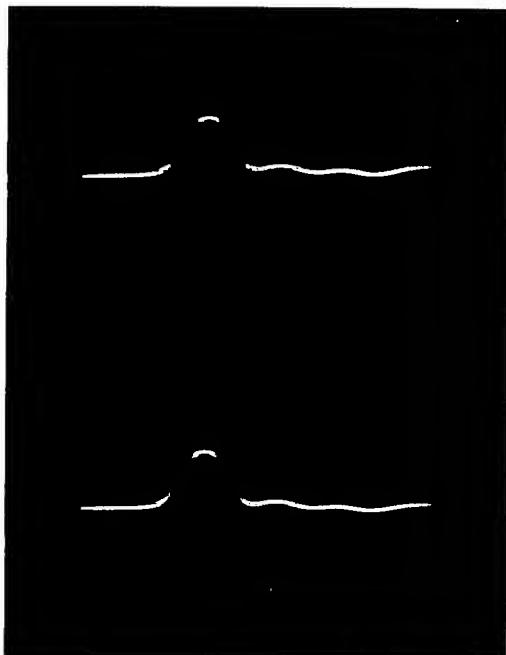
No Shaping



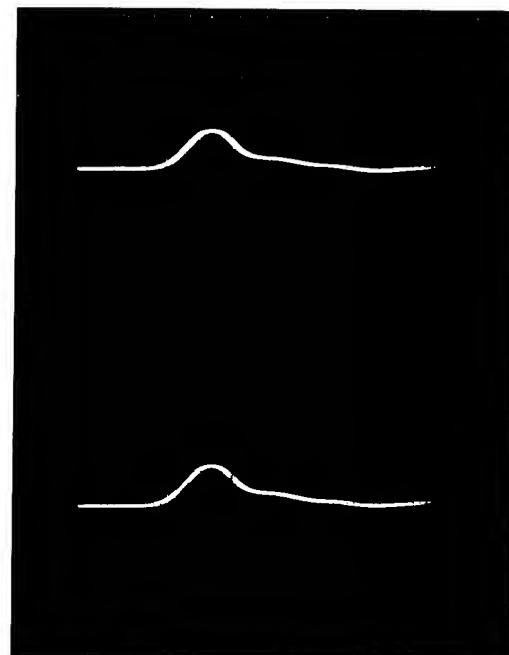
20 mc Filter



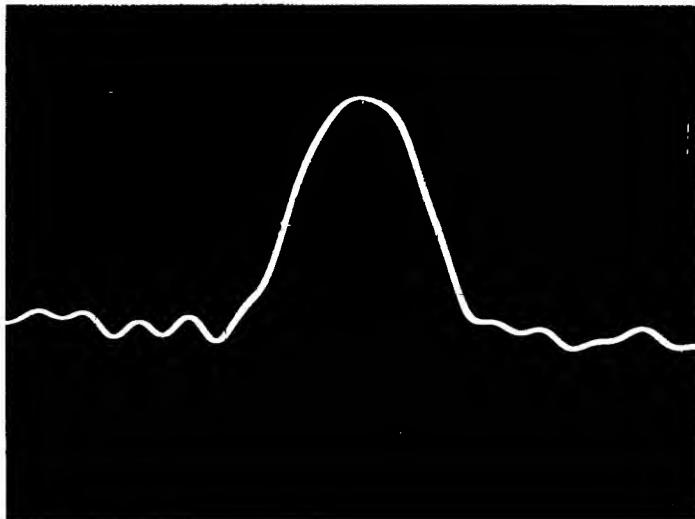
12 mc Filter



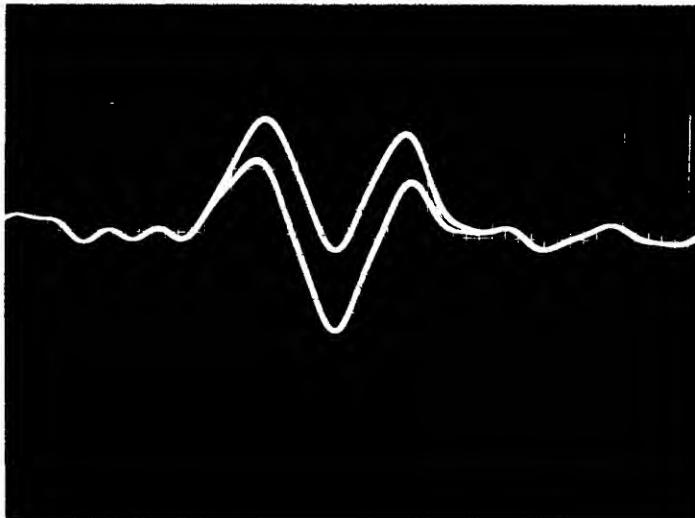
5 mc Filter



CROSS-FIELD AMPLIFIER WAVEFORMS



AMPLITUDE DETECTED R-F PULSE



PHASE DETECTED R-F PULSE
(REFERENCE PHASE-SHIFTED BY
20° TO SHOW PHASE JITTER
SENSITIVITY OF 15°/CM)

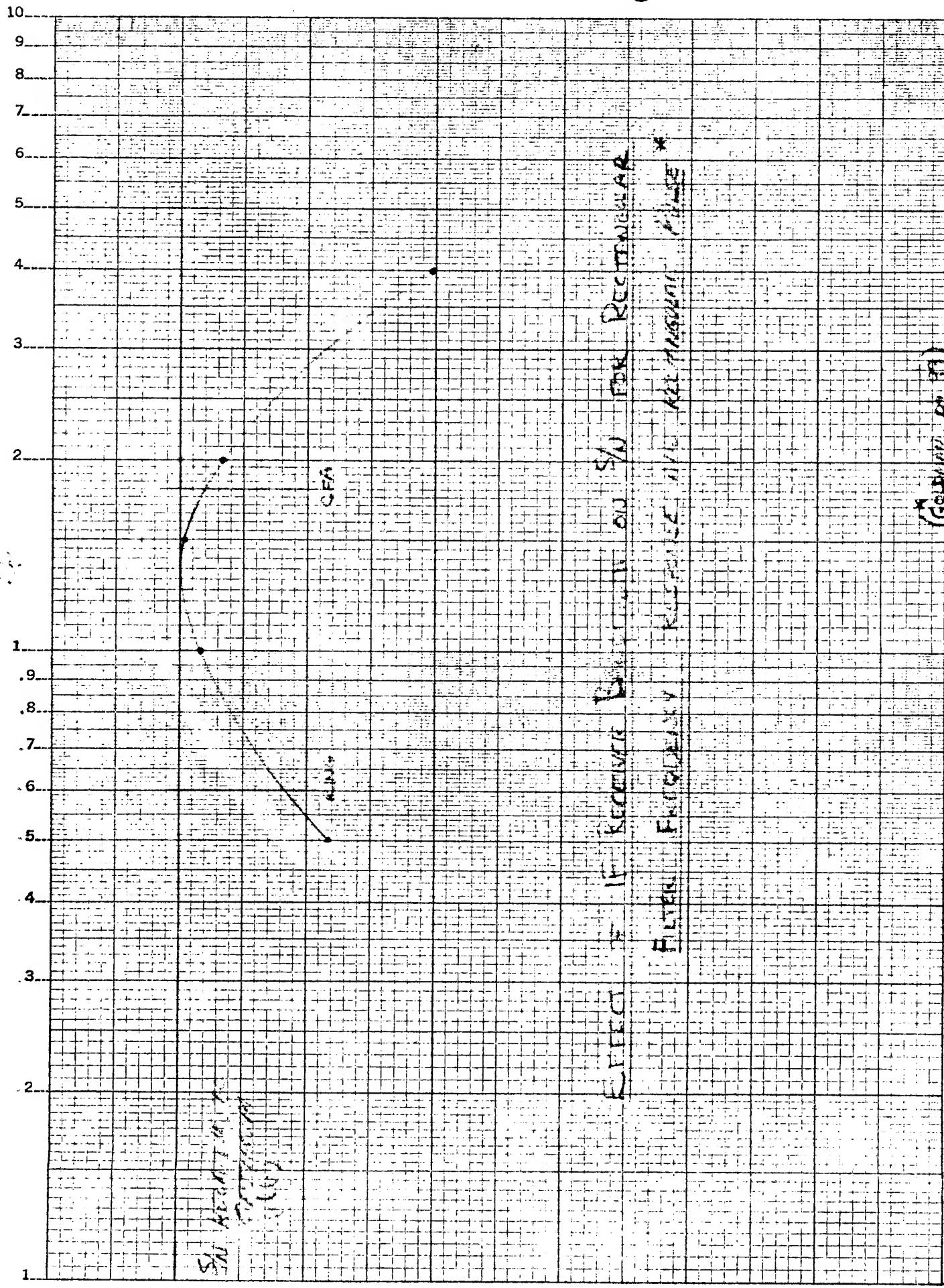
(BOTH PICTURES ARE 1 SECOND EXPOSURE, COMPARABLE TO RADAR DWELL TIME)

CROSS-FIELD AMPLIFIER STATUS

MEASURED RESULTS:

PEAK POWER:	600 KW
PULSE WIDTH (-3 db)	40 NANOSEC
PULSE-TO-PULSE PHASE DEVIATION:	1.5° PK-PK
INTRAPULSE PHASE VARIATION:	+30°
GAIN (OVERDRIVEN CONDITION):	-16 db

K-E
SEMI-LOGARITHMIC 359-61
KEUFFEL & LESSER CO. MADE IN U.S.A.
2 CYCLES X 70 DIVISIONS



Graph showing the relationship between Rate of Accretion (x-axis) and Rate of Erosion (y-axis).

The x-axis is labeled "Rate of Accretion" and the y-axis is labeled "Rate of Erosion".

A diagonal line represents the 1:1 relationship (Rate of Accretion = Rate of Erosion).

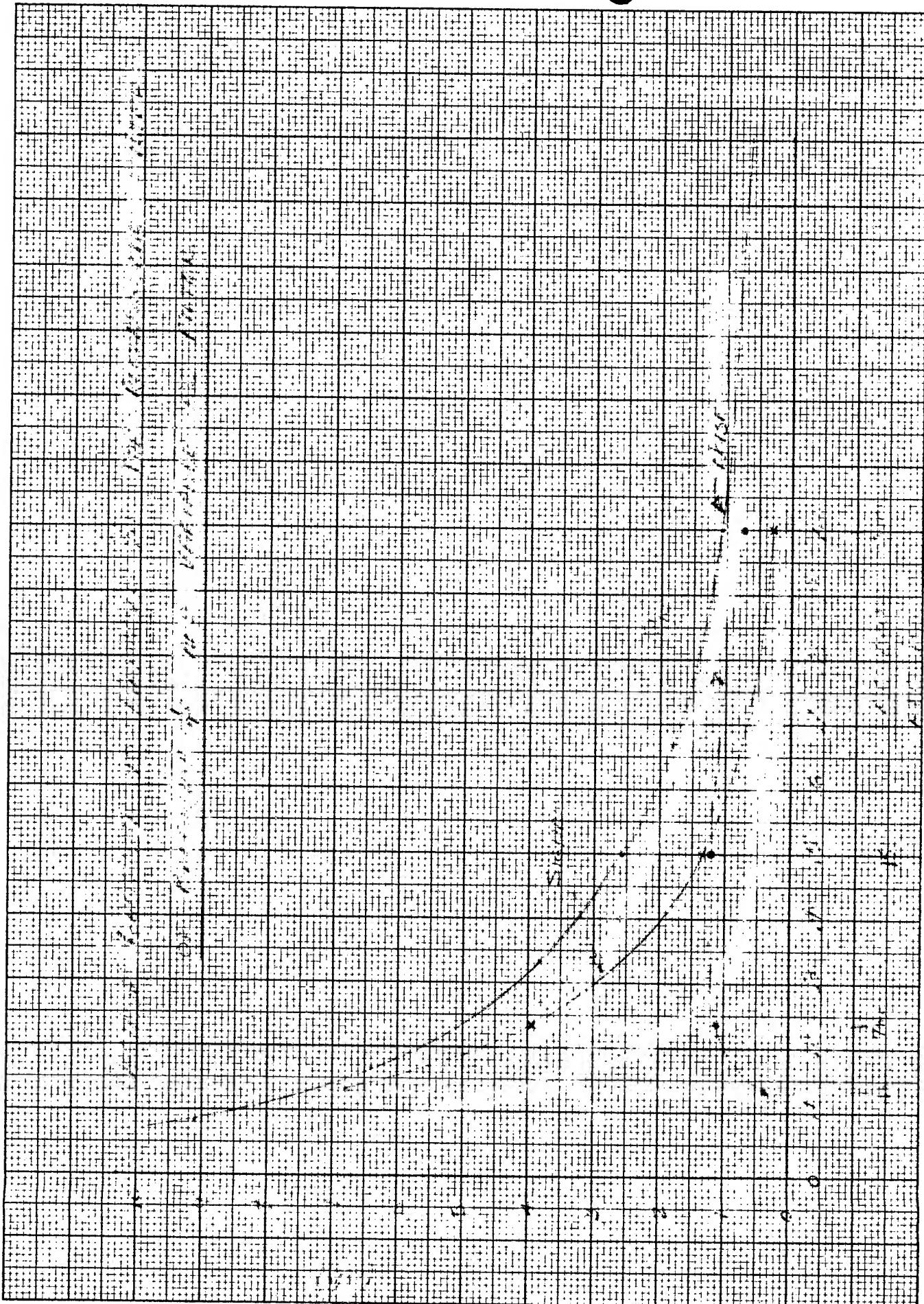
Data points are plotted, showing the following approximate values:

Rate of Accretion	Rate of Erosion
0.5	0.5
0.5	0.8
0.5	1.0
0.5	1.2
0.5	1.5
0.5	1.8
0.5	2.0
0.5	2.2
0.5	2.5
0.5	2.8
0.5	3.0
0.5	3.2
0.5	3.5
0.5	3.8
0.5	4.0
0.5	4.2
0.5	4.5
0.5	4.8
0.5	5.0
0.5	5.2
0.5	5.5
0.5	5.8
0.5	6.0
0.5	6.2
0.5	6.5
0.5	6.8
0.5	7.0
0.5	7.2
0.5	7.5
0.5	7.8
0.5	8.0
0.5	8.2
0.5	8.5
0.5	8.8
0.5	9.0
0.5	9.2
0.5	9.5
0.5	9.8
0.5	10.0
0.5	10.2
0.5	10.5
0.5	10.8
0.5	11.0
0.5	11.2
0.5	11.5
0.5	11.8
0.5	12.0
0.5	12.2
0.5	12.5
0.5	12.8
0.5	13.0
0.5	13.2
0.5	13.5
0.5	13.8
0.5	14.0
0.5	14.2
0.5	14.5
0.5	14.8
0.5	15.0
0.5	15.2
0.5	15.5
0.5	15.8
0.5	16.0
0.5	16.2
0.5	16.5
0.5	16.8
0.5	17.0
0.5	17.2
0.5	17.5
0.5	17.8
0.5	18.0
0.5	18.2
0.5	18.5
0.5	18.8
0.5	19.0
0.5	19.2
0.5	19.5
0.5	19.8
0.5	20.0
0.5	20.2
0.5	20.5
0.5	20.8
0.5	21.0
0.5	21.2
0.5	21.5
0.5	21.8
0.5	22.0
0.5	22.2
0.5	22.5
0.5	22.8
0.5	23.0
0.5	23.2
0.5	23.5
0.5	23.8
0.5	24.0
0.5	24.2
0.5	24.5
0.5	24.8
0.5	25.0
0.5	25.2
0.5	25.5
0.5	25.8
0.5	26.0
0.5	26.2
0.5	26.5
0.5	26.8
0.5	27.0
0.5	27.2
0.5	27.5
0.5	27.8
0.5	28.0
0.5	28.2
0.5	28.5
0.5	28.8
0.5	29.0
0.5	29.2
0.5	29.5
0.5	29.8
0.5	30.0
0.5	30.2
0.5	30.5
0.5	30.8
0.5	31.0
0.5	31.2
0.5	31.5
0.5	31.8
0.5	32.0
0.5	32.2
0.5	32.5
0.5	32.8
0.5	33.0
0.5	33.2
0.5	33.5
0.5	33.8
0.5	34.0
0.5	34.2
0.5	34.5
0.5	34.8
0.5	35.0
0.5	35.2
0.5	35.5
0.5	35.8
0.5	36.0
0.5	36.2
0.5	36.5
0.5	36.8
0.5	37.0
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0.5	37.8
0.5	38.0
0.5	38.2
0.5	38.5
0.5	38.8
0.5	39.0
0.5	39.2
0.5	39.5
0.5	39.8
0.5	40.0
0.5	40.2
0.5	40.5
0.5	40.8
0.5	41.0
0.5	41.2
0.5	41.5
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0.5	42.8
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0.5	45.8
0.5	46.0
0.5	46.2
0.5	46.5
0.5	46.8
0.5	47.0
0.5	47.2
0.5	47.5
0.5	47.8
0.5	48.0
0.5	48.2
0.5	48.5
0.5	48.8
0.5	49.0
0.5	49.2
0.5	49.5
0.5	49.8
0.5	50.0
0.5	50.2
0.5	50.5
0.5	50.8
0.5	51.0
0.5	51.2
0.5	51.5
0.5	51.8
0.5	52.0
0.5	52.2
0.5	52.5
0.5	52.8
0.5	53.0
0.5	53.2
0.5	53.5
0.5	53.8
0.5	54.0
0.5	54.2
0.5	54.5
0.5	54.8
0.5	55.0
0.5	55.2
0.5	55.5
0.5	55.8
0.5	56.0
0.5	56.2
0.5	56.5
0.5	56.8
0.5	57.0
0.5	57.2
0.5	57.5
0.5	57.8
0.5	58.0
0.5	58.2
0.5	58.5
0.5	58.8
0.5	59.0
0.5	59.2
0.5	59.5
0.5	59.8
0.5	60.0
0.5	60.2
0.5	60.5
0.5	60.8
0.5	61.0
0.5	61.2
0.5	61.5
0.5	61.8
0.5	62.0
0.5	62.2
0.5	62.5
0.5	62.8
0.5	63.0
0.5	63.2
0.5	63.5
0.5	63.8
0.5	64.0
0.5	64.2
0.5	64.5
0.5	64.8
0.5	65.0
0.5	65.2
0.5	65.5
0.5	65.8
0.5	66.0
0.5	66.2
0.5	66.5
0.5	66.8
0.5	67.0
0.5	67.2
0.5	67.5
0.5	67.8
0.5	68.0
0.5	68.2
0.5	68.5
0.5	68.8
0.5	69.0
0.5	69.2
0.5	69.5
0.5	69.8
0.5	70.0
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0.5	70.5
0.5	70.8
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0.5	71.5
0.5	71.8
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0.5	72.5
0.5	72.8
0.5	73.0
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0.5	73.8
0.5	74.0
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0.5	74.8
0.5	75.0
0.5	75.2
0.5	75.5
0.5	75.8
0.5	76.0
0.5	76.2
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0.5	76.8
0.5	77.0
0.5	77.2
0.5	77.5
0.5	77.8
0.5	78.0
0.5	78.2
0.5	78.5
0.5	78.8
0.5	79.0
0.5	79.2
0.5	79.5
0.5	79.8
0.5	80.0
0.5	80.2
0.5	80.5
0.5	80.8
0.5	81.0
0.5	81.2
0.5	81.5
0.5	81.8
0.5	82.0
0.5	82.2
0.5	82.5
0.5	82.8
0.5	83.0
0.5	83.2
0.5	83.5
0.5	83.8
0.5	84.0
0.5	84.2
0.5	84.5
0.5	84.8
0.5	85.0
0.5	85.2
0.5	85.5
0.5	85.8
0.5	86.0
0.5	86.2
0.5	86.5
0.5	86.8
0.5	87.0
0.5	87.2
0.5	87.5
0.5	87.8
0.5	88.0
0.5	88.2
0.5	88.5
0.5	88.8
0.5	89.0
0.5	89.2
0.5	89.5
0.5	89.8
0.5	90.0
0.5	90.2
0.5	90.5
0.5	90.8
0.5	91.0
0.5	91.2
0.5	91.5
0.5	91.8
0.5	92.0
0.5	92.2
0.5	92.5
0.5	92.8
0.5	93.0
0.5	93.2
0.5	93.5
0.5	93.8
0.5	94.0
0.5	94.2
0.5	94.5
0.5	94.8
0.5	95.0
0.5	95.2
0.5	95.5
0.5	95.8
0.5	96.0
0.5	96.2
0.5	96.5
0.5	96.8
0.5	97.0
0.5	97.2
0.5	97.5
0.5	97.8
0.5	98.0
0.5	98.2
0.5	98.5
0.5	98.8
0.5	99.0
0.5	99.2
0.5	99.5
0.5	99.8
0.5	100.0

SECRET

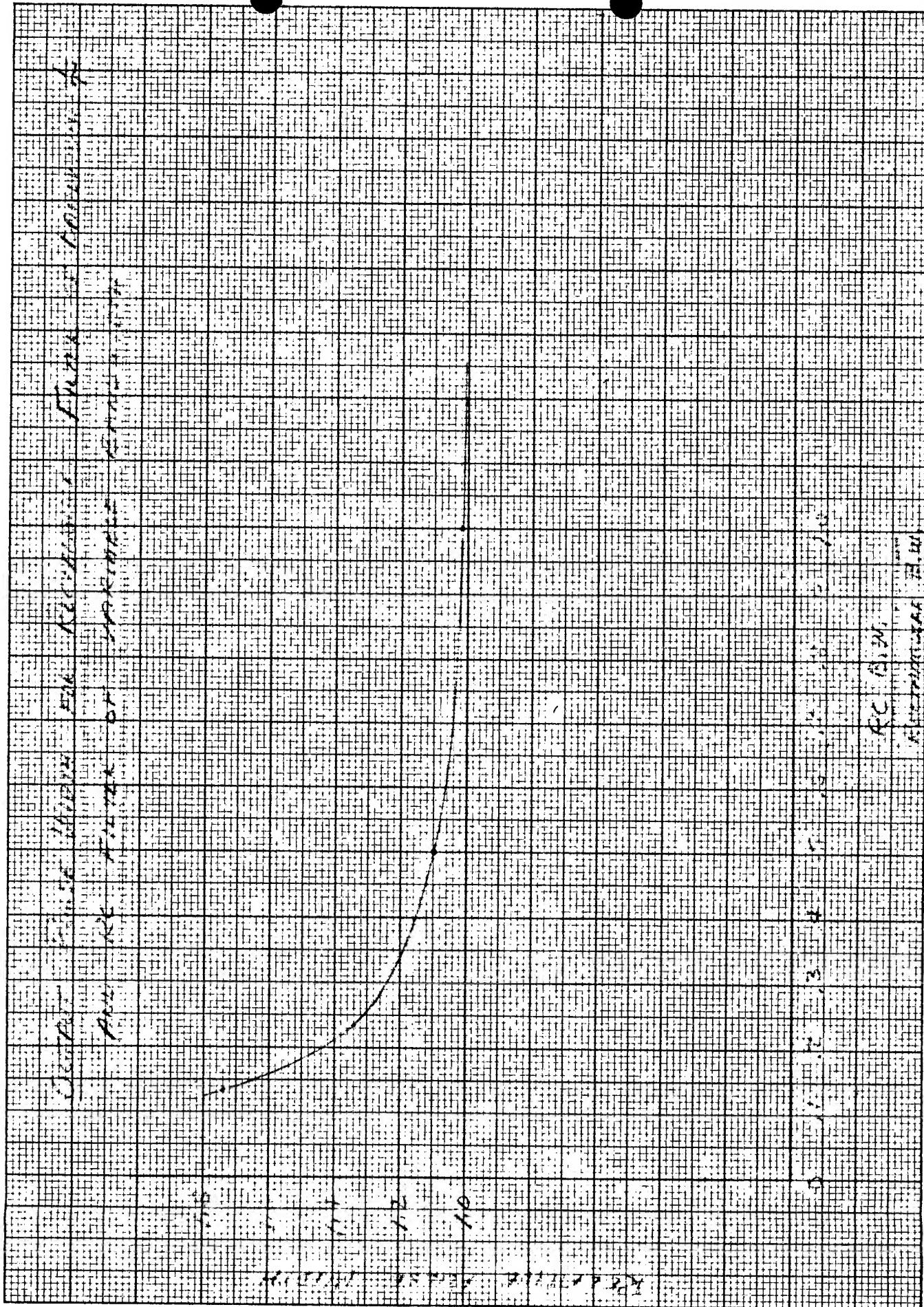
22

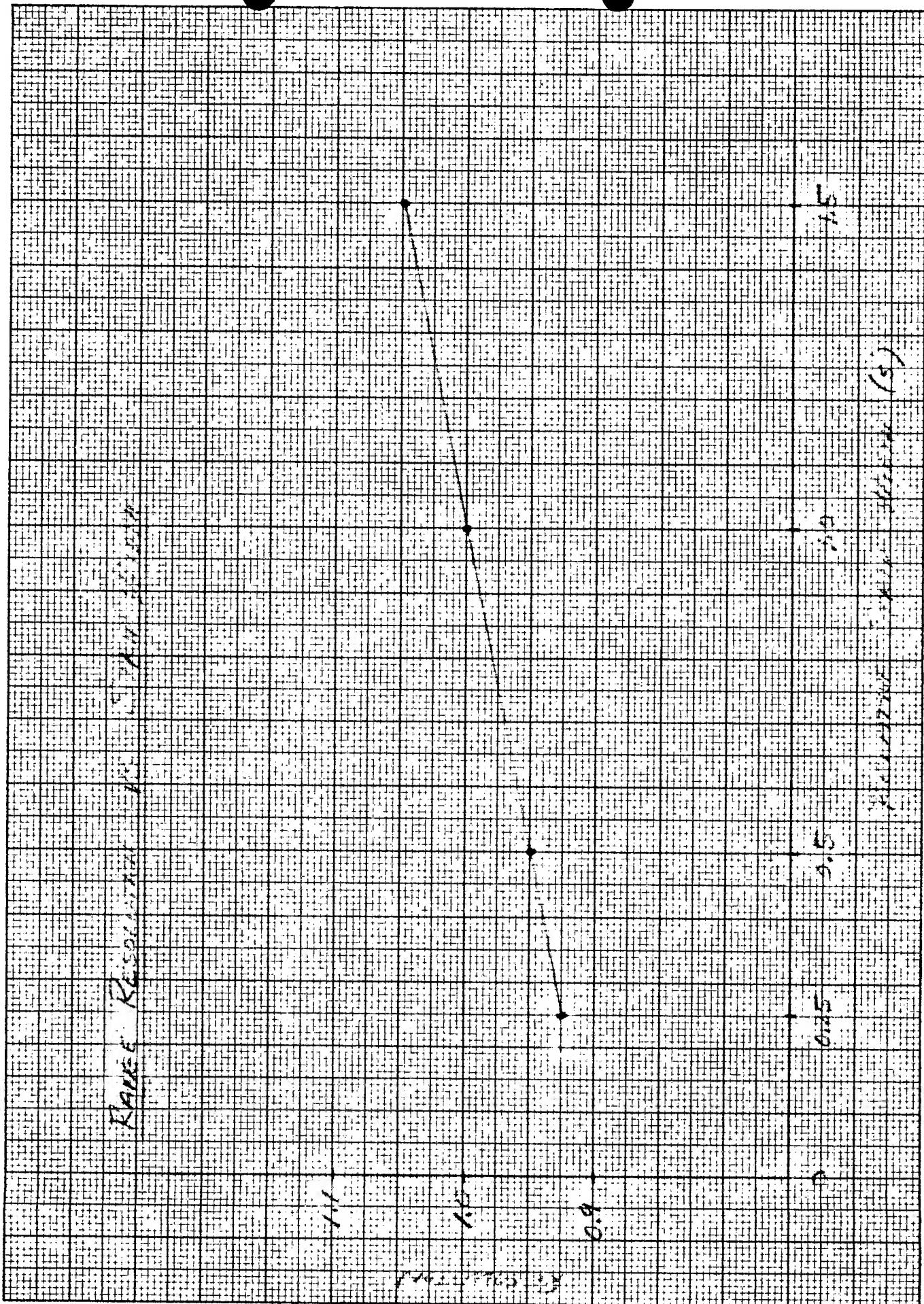
10 X 10 TO THE $\frac{1}{2}$ INCH 359-11
KODAK SAFETY FILM
KODAK SAFETY FILM



SECRET

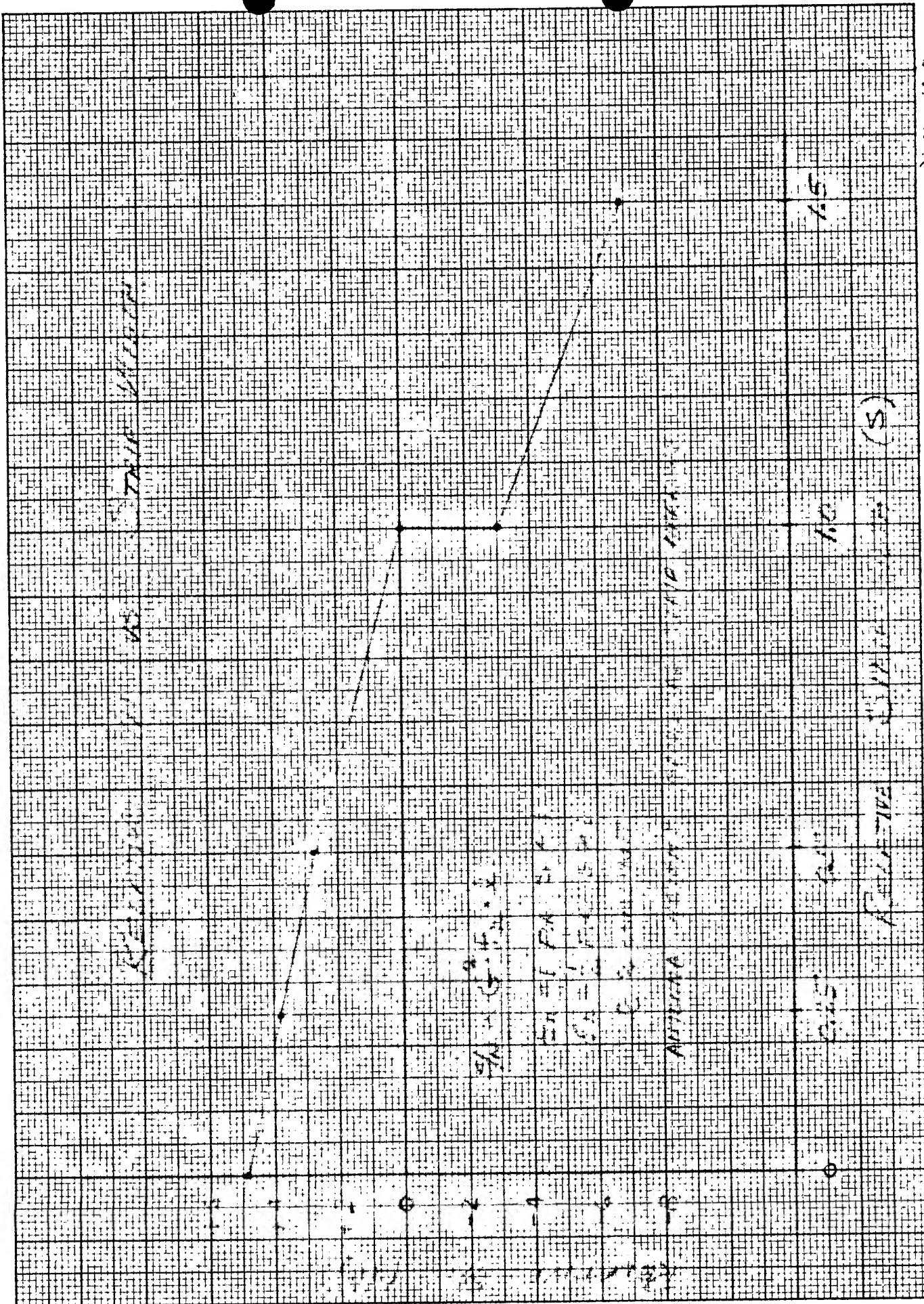
K* 10 X 10 TO THE $\frac{1}{2}$ INCH 359-11
KELFEL & ESSER CO. 4-1111-A

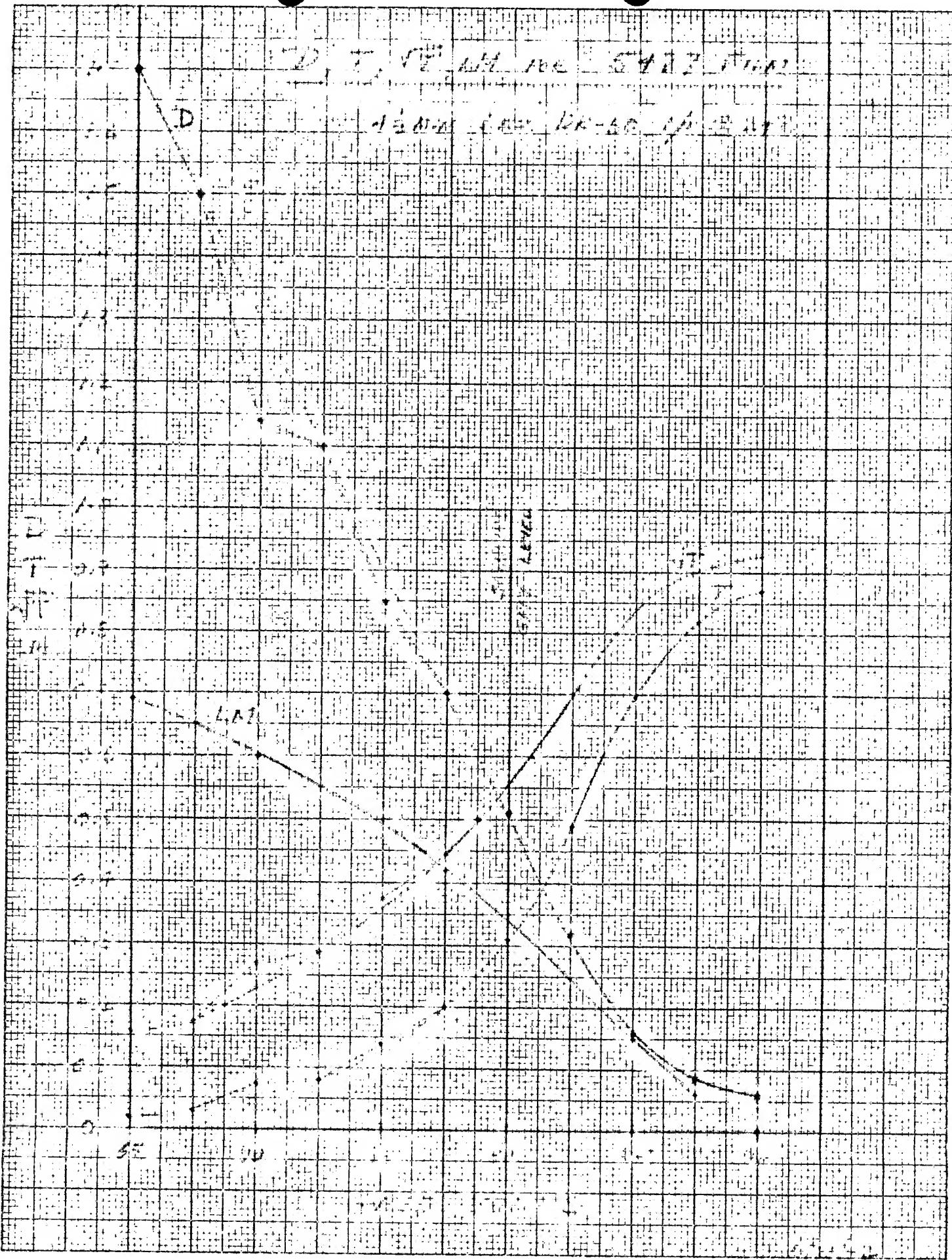




10 X 10 TO THE $\frac{1}{4}$ INCH 359-11
KEUFFEL & ESSER CO.

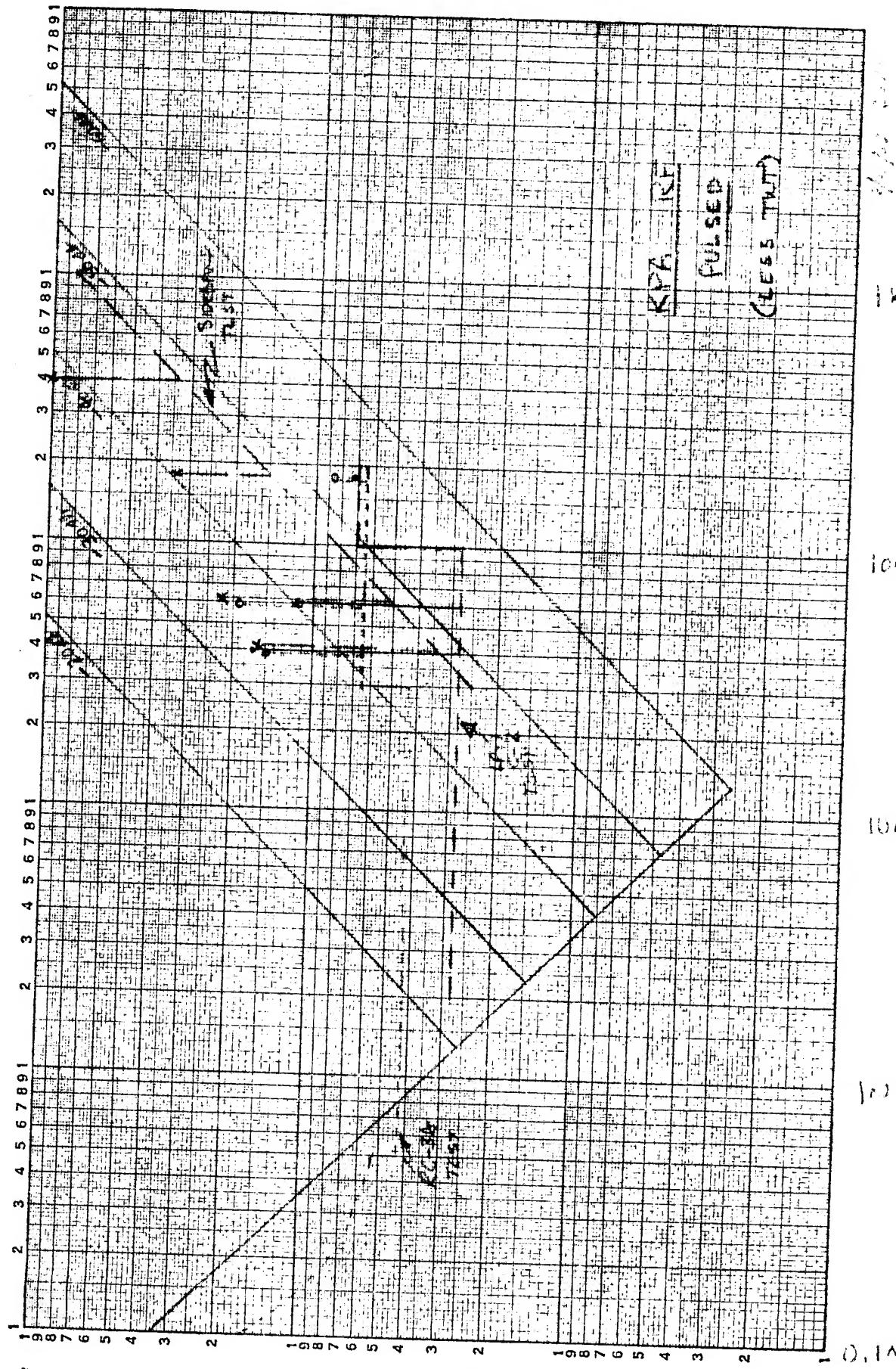
44





K&E 10 X 10 TO THE $\frac{1}{4}$ INCH
KEUFFEL & ESSER CO. MADE IN U.S.A.

LOGARITHMIC 359-125G
KEUFFEL & ESSER CO., MADE IN U.S.A.
3 X 5 CYCLES



DESIGN EVALUATION ANALYTICAL TASKS

I. RESOLUTION

- a. OPTIMIZATION OF RECEIVER BANDWIDTH AND SHAPE
- b. RESOLUTION BUDGET
- c. WAYS OF IMPROVING RESOLUTION FACTORS
- d. DECIDE ON RESOLUTION DEFINITION
- e. EFFECTS OF AGC, NON-LINEARITY, LIMITING ON RESOLUTION

II. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC

- a. EFFECTS OF NON-LINEARITY ON CORRELATION
- b. ADVANTAGES OF IF VS. VIDEO LIMITING
- c. THEORETICAL $\sqrt{\text{TRANSMISSION}}$ VS. VOLTAGE; WAYS TO LINEARIZE
- d. OPTIMUM GRAY LEVEL
- e. EFFECTS OF HARMONICS AND SINE WAVES ON CORRELATION
- f. TOLERABLE RANDOM GRAY LEVEL CHANGES
- g. RECORDER EQUIVALENT CIRCUITS
- h. SELECTION OF LIMIT LEVEL

III. S/N

- a. STATISTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF NOISE AT OUTPUT
- b. ATTAINABLE COHERENT INTEGRATION
- c. ESTIMATE S/N REQUIRED FOR DETECTION
- d. AVAILABLE S/N FOR DOPPLER TRACKER
- e. S/N BUDGET; WAYS OF IMPROVING FACTORS

IV. SYSTEM

- a. LIMITS ON INTRAPULSE AND INTERPULSE PHASE MODULATION
- b. SELECTION OF OFFSET FREQUENCY
- c. ALTITUDE - LINE CLUTTER
- d. SIGNAL / CLUTTER FOR AREA AND POINT TARGETS
- e. SINGLE - SIDE BAND IF RECEIVER
- f. EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT OF RADAR - RECORDER - CORRELATOR

~~SECRET~~S/N ESTIMATE

$$P_r = 1.5 \text{ MW}$$

$$G = 31.5 \text{ DB}$$

$$\beta_A = 0.75^\circ$$

$$\frac{G^T}{2} = 15$$

$$NF = 8 \text{ DB}$$

$$LOSSES (\delta) = 9.6 \text{ DB}$$

SHORT PULSE	0.2 DB	2 WAY
RADOME	2.0 DB	
STRUTS	1.5 DB	
WAVEGUIDE	0.5 DB	
DUPLEXER	1.3 DB	
FOLDING	3.0 DB	
WEIGHTING	1.1 DB	

$$r = -21 \text{ DB}$$

$$\Delta f_{\text{eff}} = 45 \text{ MC.}$$

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RESOLUTION BUDGET

SOURCE	ORIGINAL	PRES	PREDICTED	COMMENTS		
RANGE	TRACK	RANGE	TRACK	RANGE TRACK		
PULSE WIDTH	6	x	10	x	15 x	PULSE WIDENED TO: 2. ACCOMODATE NEW TRANSMITTER b. IMPROVE S/N
RECEIVER RESPONSE	6	x	10	x	10 x	RECEIVER KEPT WIDE TO: 2. IMPROVE RESOLUTION b. REDUCE RINGING c. IMPROVE S/N
RECODER	6	x	10	0	12 x 20	PREDICTED ASSUMES 1000.600 CYCLE PER INCH LIMITING PRESENT ASSUMES 600 CYCLE/ INCH LIMITING
JITTER	x	x	2	x	2 x	
ACCELERATION CENTER EDGE	x	6	x	28 28	5 15	1. ASSUMES 0.2 g ACCELERATION 2. PRESENT ASSUMES NO MOTION COMPENSATION 3. PREDICTED ASSUMES 4 MILLI-GEE UNCOMPENSATED ACCELERATION
BEAM POINTING CENTER EDGE	x	6	x	3 7	x 7	
CORRELATOR	6	6	10	10	10	12.15 PRESENTLY ACHIEVED
PHASE INSTABILITIES	x	x	4	x	4	EQUIVALENT TO 1.5 MILLI-GEE
ANTENNA PATTERN RMS SUM	x	6	x	4	x	2A/2
CENTER	12	12	20	30	24	11.5
EDGE				30	27	23

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II. MOTION COMPENSATION

ELEMENTS OF MOTION COMPENSATION

ANGLE CORRECTION

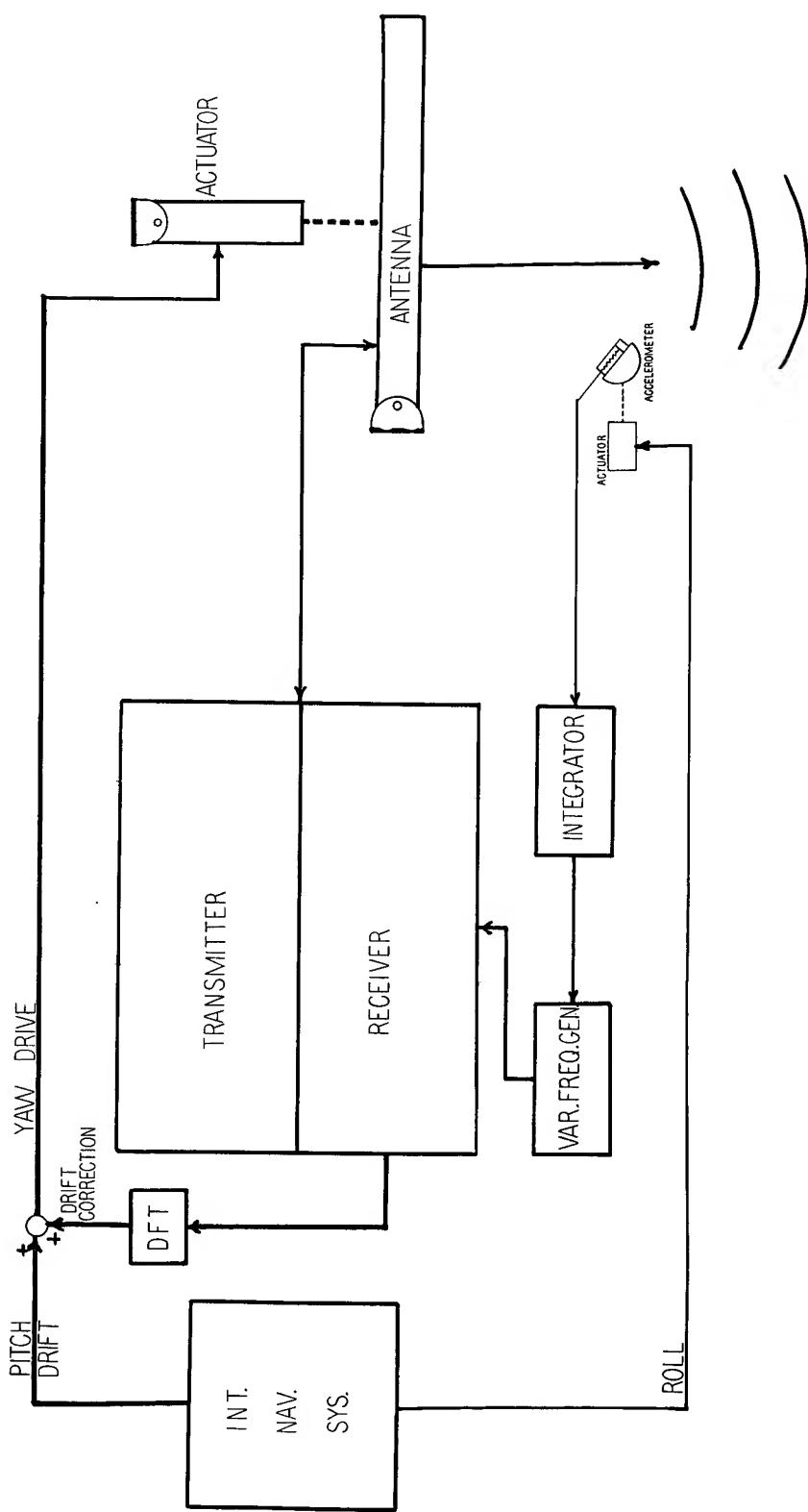
ANTENNA PIVOTED AT AFT END

YAW STABILIZATION $\pm 3^\circ$

CORRECTS FOR PITCH AND YAW ERRORS

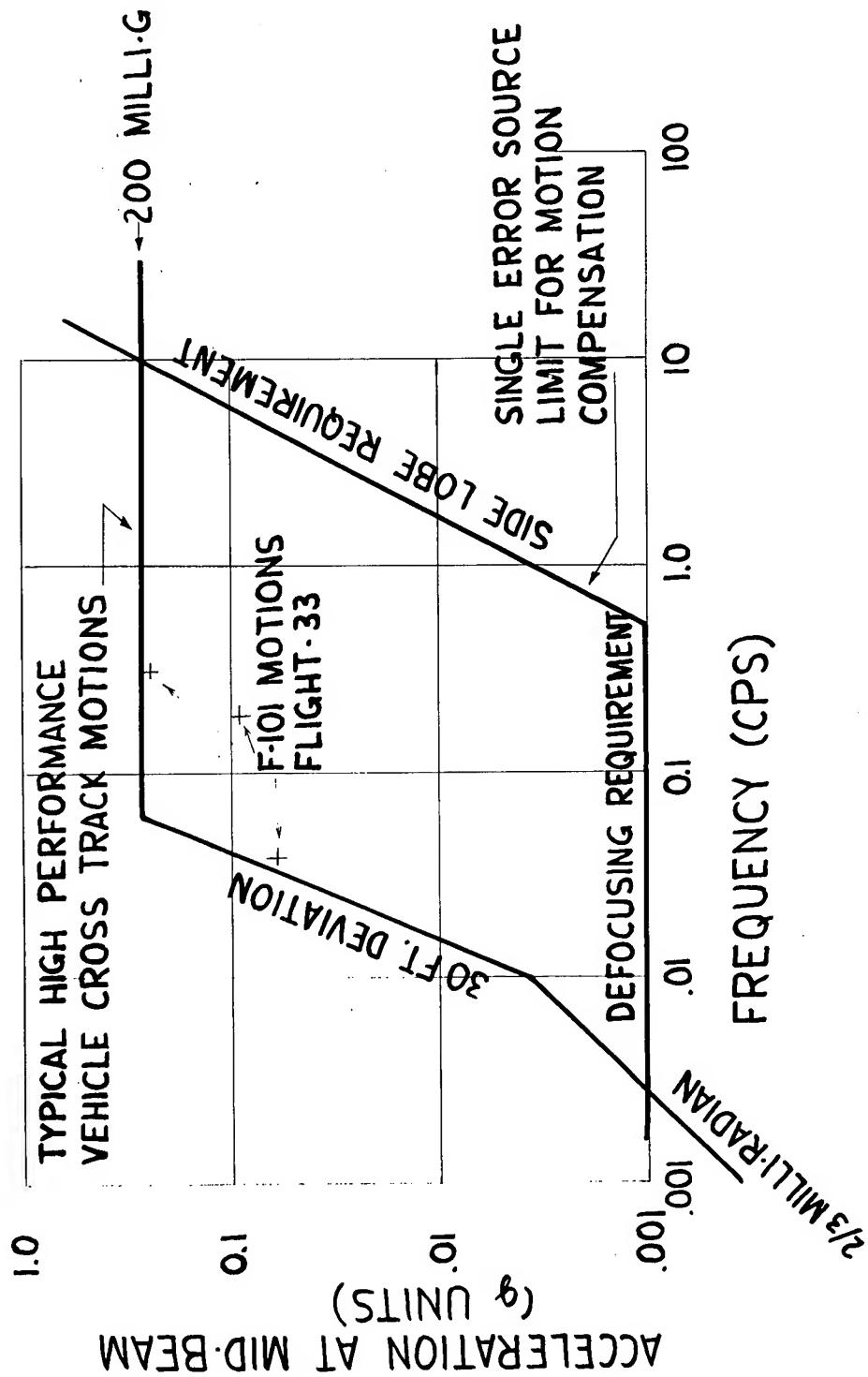
TRANSVERSE VELOCITY CORRECTION

ACCELEROMETER - ROLL STABILIZED
INTEGRATION TO GIVE VELOCITY
CONTROLS VARIABLE FREQUENCY GENERATOR



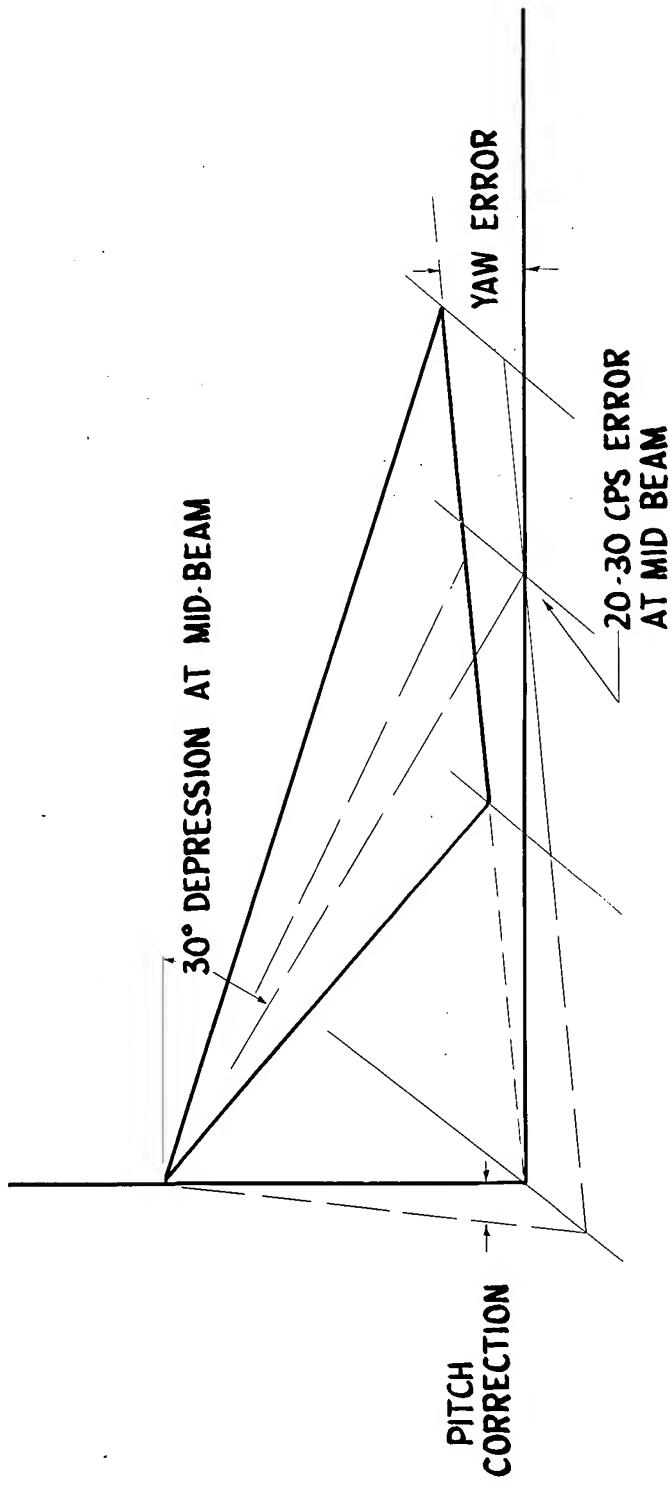
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CROSS TRACK MOTIONS AND LIMITATIONS



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FLIGHT TEST ANGLE COMPENSATION



ANGULAR ERROR-FLIGHT TEST-PREDICTED

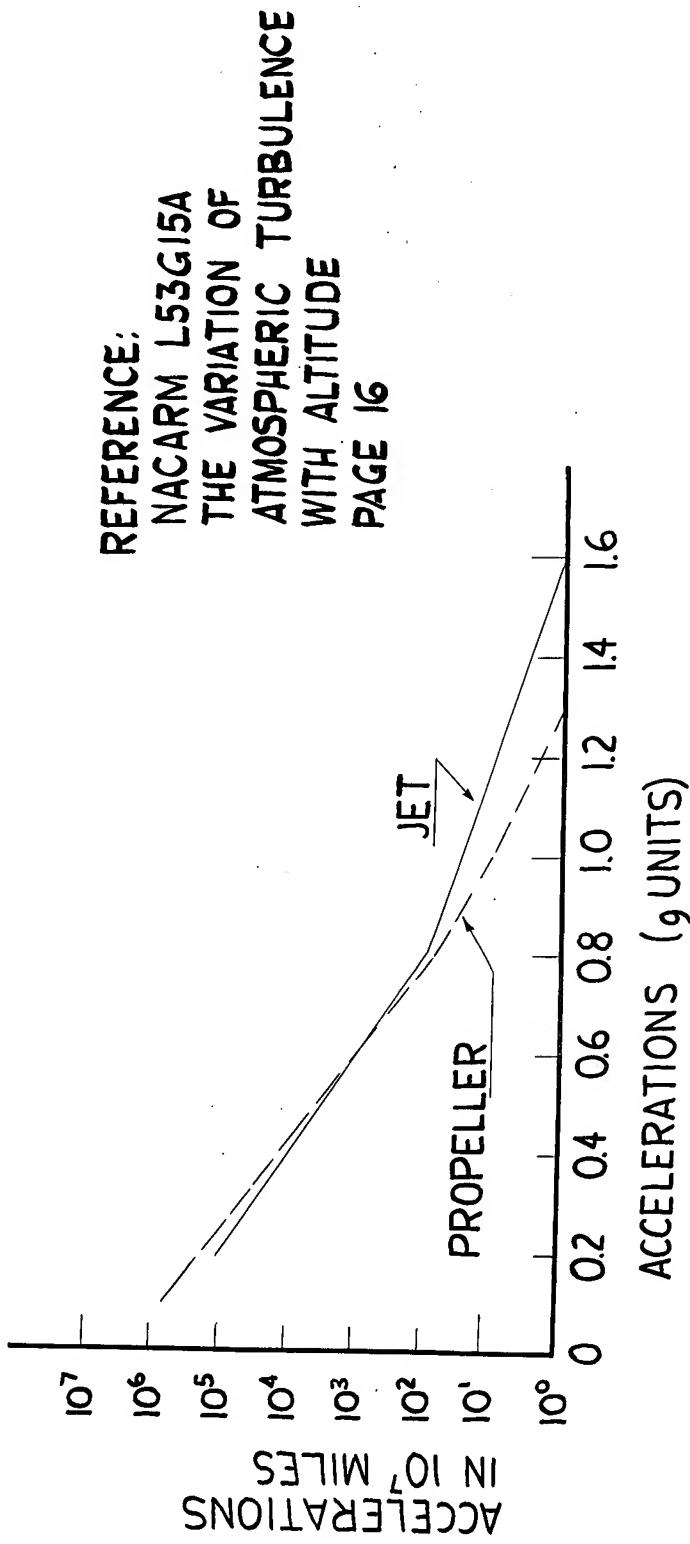
ANGLE DEGREES	RESIDUAL DEGREES	DOPPLER-CPS BEAM CENTER	DOPPLER-CPS BEAM EDGE
± 0.5	± 0.1	± 25	± 25
± 3.0	—		± 480
± 1.0	± 0.1	± 25	± 25
± 0.25	—		± 40

ANGLE OF ATTACK
WIND DRIFT
PITCH
YAW

TRANSVERSE MOTIONS IN FLIGHT-33

AXIS	AMPLITUDE DEGREES	PERIOD SECOND	ACCELERATION g	VELOCITY FT/SEC	CALCULATED	MEASURED
					DOPPLER CPS	DOPPLER CPS
YAW	±0.2	3	±0.20	± 3.0	±60	—
YAW	±0.2	7	±0.084	± 3.0	±60	—
PITCH	± 1.0	25	±0.067	± 8.6	±170	±50

VERTICAL ACCELERATIONS IN AIRLINE OPERATION



III. ANTENNA DEVELOPMENT

$$\text{ANTENNA GAIN} - 100^{\text{IN LENGTH}}$$

$$\text{MAXIMUM THEORETICAL GAIN FROM AREA} = \frac{4\pi A}{\lambda^2} = \frac{4\pi \times 100 \times 10}{(1.25)^2} = 39.1 \text{ DB}$$

<u>LOSSES</u>	<u>ELEVATION PATTERN SYNTHESIS</u>	<u>3.28</u>
$CSC^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$	AZIMUTH PATTERN SYNTHESIS	.5
ORIGINAL 0.9 FOR TAYLOR DISTRIBUTION		
$I^2 R$ LOSSES		2.5
POWER DIVIDER	1.0	
MANIFOLD	.5	
MATCHED LOADS	.5	
STICK & COVERS	.5	
	$\frac{2.5}{2.5}$	
ALLOWANCE FOR TOLERANCE, OMITTED	<u>1.0</u>	
RADIATORS	<u>$\frac{1.0}{7.3}$</u>	
REASONABLE SPEC GAIN		

$$\frac{-7.3}{31.8 \text{ DB}}$$

PRESENT BONDING IS CAUSING ADDITIONAL LOSS
OF 1.5 DB INTO MATCHED LOADS

IV. SYSTEM UNITS

~~SECRET~~RESONANT RING IMPROVEMENT

	<u>GOAL</u>	<u>MEASURED</u>
1. ORIGINAL UNIT	0.5-1.0 MEG W. 10 NANOSEC. 20-40 W. AVG.E.	0.23 MEG W. 10 NANOSEC. 9.2 W. AVG.E.
2. LIMITING FACTORS	DRIVING POWER LOSSES IN RING	
3. IMPROVEMENTS	RING LENGTH INCREASED TUNING SHORTS IMPROVED	
4. FURTHER IMPROVEMENTS	INCREASE RING LENGTH (FOLD) INCREASE DRIVE POWER	0.40 MEG W. 30 NANOSEC. 48 W. AVG.E.

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TABLE - I
TRANSMITTER PERFORMANCE

	PRESENT PERFORMANCE	PDS	EXPECTED 4/15/63	POSSIBLE 12/63
A. TRANSMITTER				
1. FREQUENCY	9450	9400	9400	9400
2. PULSE WIDTH	40 NS	30 NS	30 NS	20 NS
3. PRF				
4. SIZE				
5. WEIGHT	* 240 LBS.		* 210 LBS	
B. SFD-24 CFA				
1. PEAK POWER	600 KW	1.0 MW	1.25 MW	2.0 MW
2. AVERAGE POWER				
3. EFF. (FINAL AMP)		40%	40%	40-55%
4. GAIN	16 DB	18 DB	19 DB	20 DB
5. PHASE STABILITY	<1.5°	-	<3°	<5°
6. WEIGHT	45 LBS	45 LBS	38 LBS	40-50 LBS
7. COOLING	Liquid	Gas	Gas	Gas

*ESTIMATED

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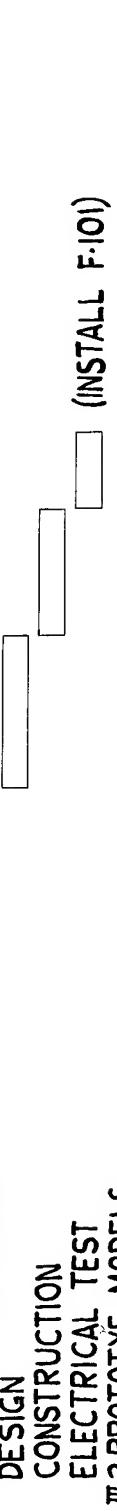
TRANSMITTER SCHEDULE

	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY
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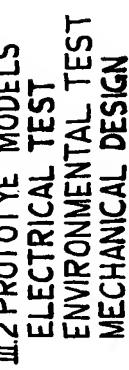
I. LAB BREADBOARD



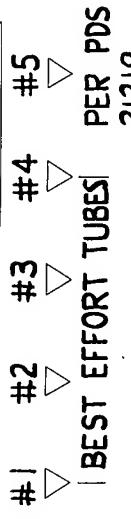
II. FLYABLE BREADBOARD DESIGN



III. 2 PROTOTYPE MODELS



IV. ENGINEERING DRAFTING

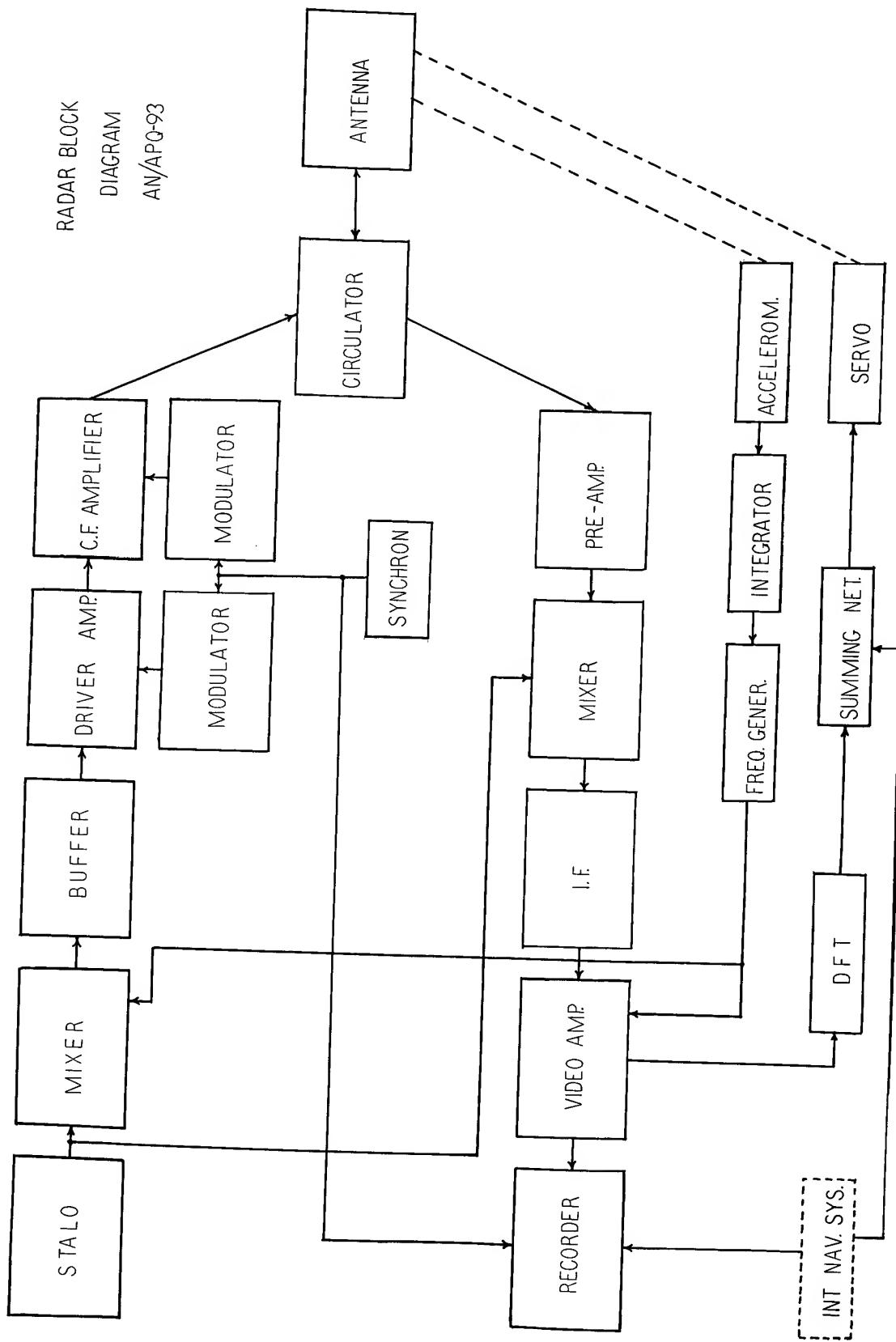


PER PDS
2/2/9

NO.1: 550 KW DEL. 12/13/62

RADAR BLOCK DIAGRAM AN/APQ-93

ADAR BLOCK
DIAGRAM
AN/APQ-93



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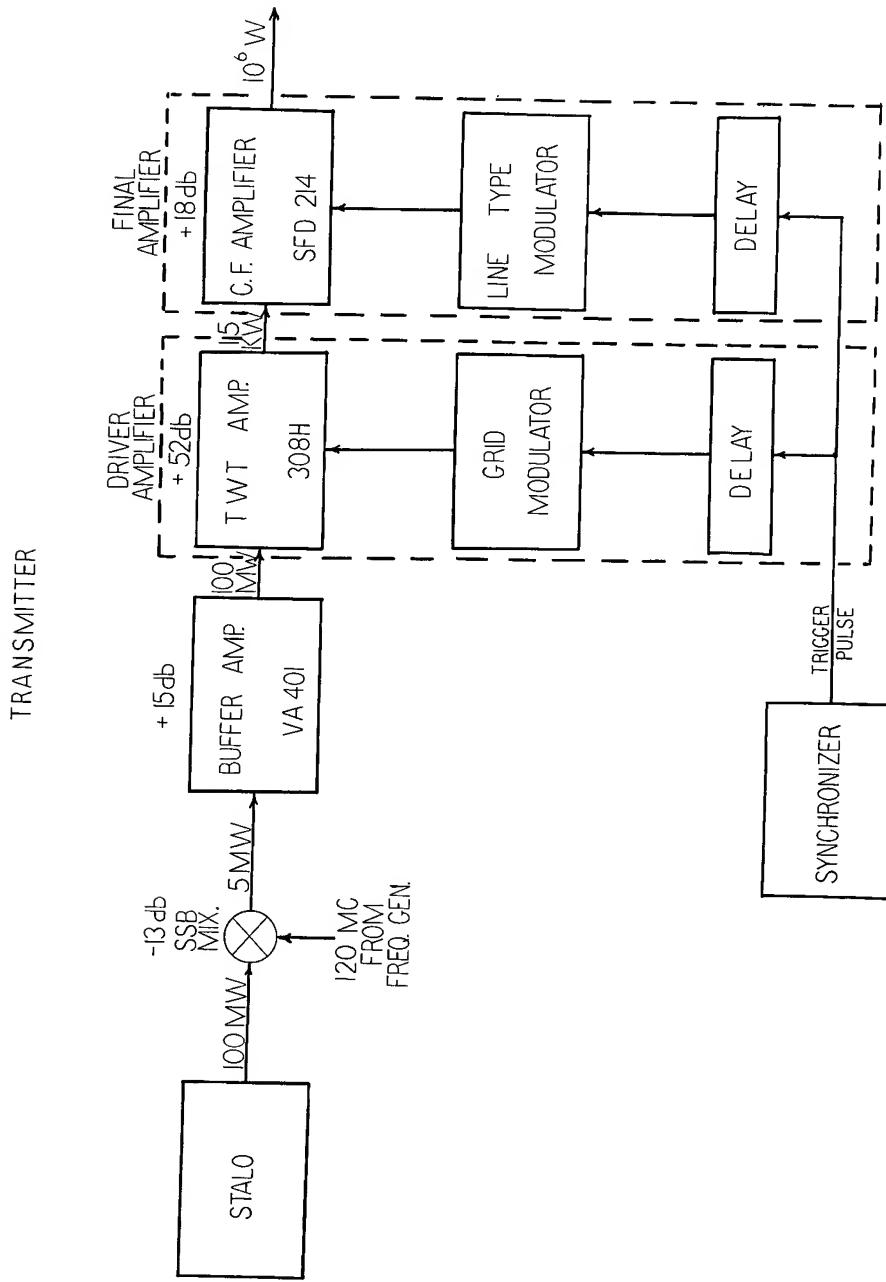
128

RADAR PARAMETERS

TRANSMITTER	ANTENNA
FREQUENCY	9400 Mc
PEAK POWER	10 ⁶ WATTS
PULSE WIDTH	30x10 ⁻⁹ SEC.
PRF	3927
AVERAGE POWER	118 WATTS
RECEIVER	
NOISE FIGURE (TWT PROTECTOR)	7.5 db
DUPLEXER & LINE LOSSES	2.1 db
CIRCULATOR	- 0.25 db (one way)
TWT PROTECTOR	- 0.4 db
WAVEGUIDE	- 0.65 db (one way)
STALO FREQUENCY	9280 Mc
I-F	120 Mc
1-F AMP. BANDWIDTH	60 Mc
VIDEO AMP BANDWIDTH	47 Mc
IMAGE FILTER BANDWIDTH	70 Mc
IMAGE REJECTION	100 dB
CONO REF. OFFSET FREQ.	400 cps
RECORDED	
FILM SPEED	2.0"/SEC NOM.
CONTROL RANGE	± 10 %
FILM CAPACITY	0.1%
CRT SPOT SIZE	250' x 9.5"
SWEEP SPEED	0.0005"
TRACK FREQ.	1.02 Mc / 30x10 ⁻³ SEC
	900 CPS (Max.)

45

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System Weight	
TRANSMITTER	210 *
RECEIVER	27
TWT PREAMP	11
RECODER	175 *
VIDEO AMPLIFIER	3
SYNCHRONIZER	25
NAV - TIE - HV	20 *
POWER SUPPLY	70
CONTROL PANEL	2
ANTENNA	<u>140</u> *
TOTAL	683
System Frame	
FRAME TRUSS	30
AUXILIARY RECORDER	6
PRESSURE SYSTEM	<u>15</u>
TOTAL	96

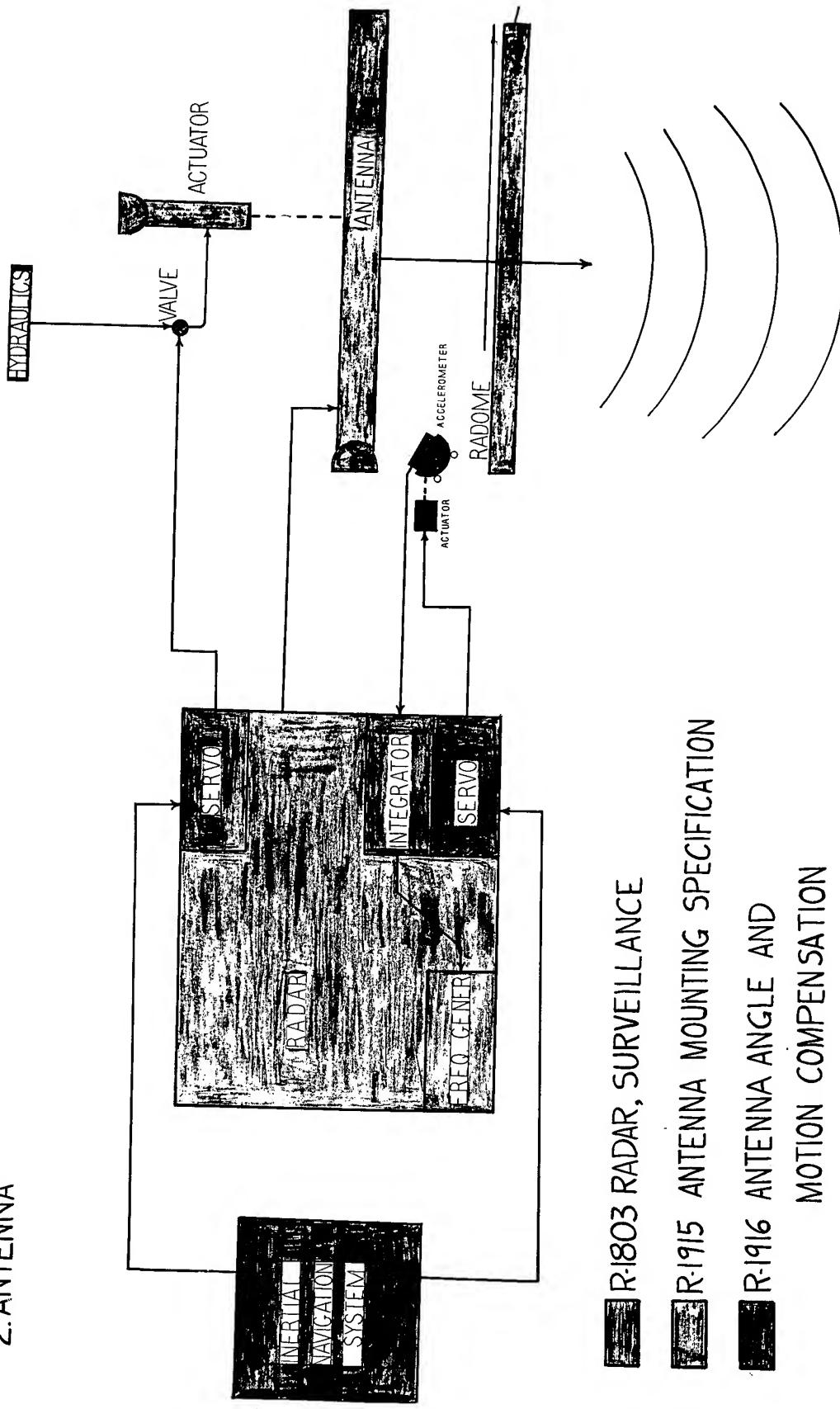
Total Weight - 779

* ESTIMATED WEIGHT

INSTALLATION

1. RADAR ASSEMBLY

2. ANTENNA



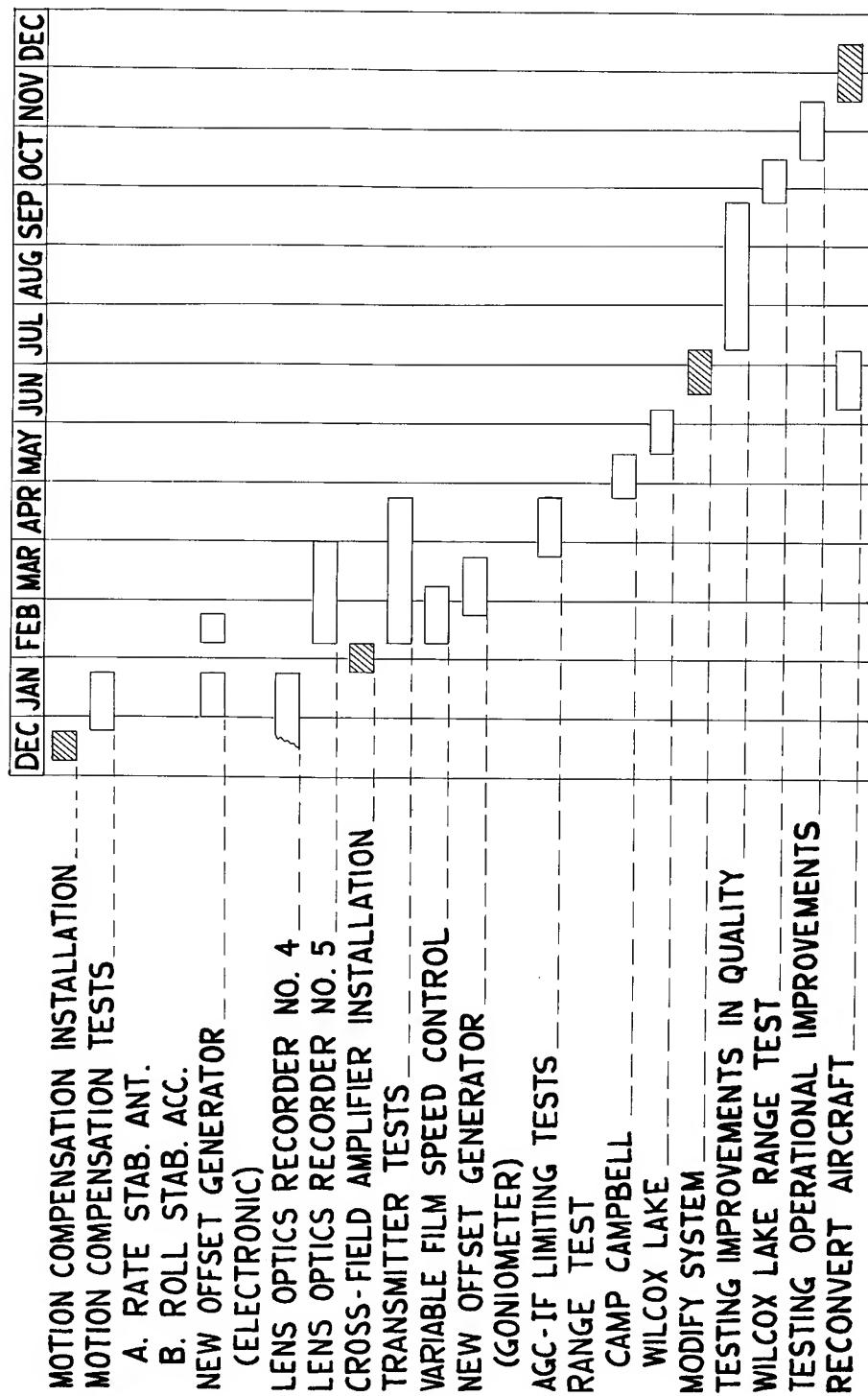
V. FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM

~~SECRET~~FLIGHT COMPARISON

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>FLIGHT S-II</u>	<u>FLIGHT S-33</u>
PULSE WIDTH	10 NANO-SECOND	20 NANO-SECOND
POWER OUTPUT	2.5 WATTS AVERAGE	9.0 WATTS AVERAGE
NOISE FIGURE	10.1 DB	9.6 DB
OFFSET CORRECTION	MANUAL OR DRIFT	MANUAL ONLY
	CORRECTION BY CONTROL OF VARIABLE FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR	PASS THROUGH ZERO VERTICAL GYRO PITCH STABILIZED
HOLOGRAMS		FIBER OPTICS
ANTENNA		LENS OPTICS, NEW SHOCK MOUNTS, LENSES
RECORDER		STIFFENED MECHANICALLY
PRIMARY FILM:		5 MILS
RANGE SPOT SIZE	12 MILS	
HIGHEST HOLOGRAM		250 CPS
FREQUENCY	150 CPS	11 MILS RANGE (35)
CORRELATED FILM	20 MILS RANGE (73)	8 MILS AZIMUTH (50)
SPOT SIZE		STIFFENED MECHANICALLY

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FLIGHT TEST SCHEDULE FOR 1963



FLIGHT TEST PLAN

FLIGHT NO. 34	FLIGHT NO. 35	FLIGHT NO. 36
I. PURPOSE TEST MOTION COMPENSATION SYSTEM	I. PURPOSE TEST EFFICACY OF M. C. AND VARIOUS OFFSET FREQUENCIES	I. PURPOSE TEST M. C. AT HI-MACH, HI-ALT, & LOW S/N
II. METHOD RUN-1: M. C. WITH 200 CPS OFFSET RUN-2: DFT CONTROL, NO M. C., 200 CPS OFFSET RUN-3: 200 CPS OFFSET, DELETE DFT	II. METHOD RUN-1: M. C. WITH 200 CPS OFFSET RUN-2: MANUAL MODE, 200 CPS OFFSET RUN-3: ZERO OFFSET, M. C. AND MANUAL	II. METHOD RUN-1: M. C. WITH 200 CPS OFFSET RUN-2: MANUAL MODE 200 CPS OFFSET RUN-3: ZERO OFFSET, M. C. AND MANUAL
III. FLIGHT PARAMETERS ALTITUDE : 20,000 FT. VELOCITY: 585 KNOTS S/N : + 5 DB VELOCITY VECTOR: DOWNWIND	III. FLIGHT PARAMETERS ALTITUDE : 20,000 FT. VELOCITY: 585 KNOTS S/N: + 5 DB VELOCITY VECTOR: DOWNWIND	III. FLIGHT PARAMETERS ALTITUDE: 40,000 FT. VELOCITY: 830 KNOTS S/N: -5 DB VELOCITY VECTOR: DOWNWIND
IV. ANCILLIARY DATA A- ROTATE A/C IN THREE AXES B- RECORDER RESPONSE C- BALANCED RECORDER ACCELERATIONS	IV. ANCILLIARY DATA A- ROTATE A/C IN THREE AXES B- RECORDER RESPONSE C- BALANCED RECORDER ACCELERATIONS	IV. ANCILLIARY DATA A- ROTATE A/C IN THREE AXES B- RECORDER RESPONSE C- BALANCED RECORDER ACCELERATIONS
V. INSTRUMENTATION ADD RATE GYRO AND STABILIZED ACCEL. TO EXISTING	V. INSTRUMENTATION ADD RATE GYRO AND STABILIZED ACCEL. TO EXISTING	V. INSTRUMENTATION ADD RATE GYRO AND STABILIZED ACCEL. TO EXISTING

RESUME' OF FLIGHTS TO DATE (1961-1962)

NOVEMBER	4 PILOT CHECK-OUT FLIGHTS
	2 AUTOPILOT CHECK-OUT FLIGHTS
DECEMBER	DOWN FOR MODIFICATION AND INSTALLATION
JANUARY	DOWN FOR MODIFICATION AND INSTALLATION
FEBRUARY	3 PILOT CHECK-OUT FLIGHTS
MARCH	1 SYSTEM FLIGHT
	2 PILOT CHECK-OUT FLIGHTS
	2 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	4 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	5 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	1 PILOT PROFICIENCY FLIGHT
	6 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	1 PILOT PROFICIENCY FLIGHT
	2 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	1 PILOT PROFICIENCY FLIGHT
	4 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	2 PILOT PROFICIENCY FLIGHTS
	2 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	1 PILOT PROFICIENCY FLIGHT
	3 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	2 PILOT PROFICIENCY FLIGHTS
	2 SYSTEM FLIGHTS
	1 PILOT PROFICIENCY FLIGHT
	DOWN FOR MODIFICATION
DECEMBER	51 FLIGHTS
TOTAL	33 DATA FLIGHTS
	10 HAD IN FLIGHT FAILURES

VI. ENVIRONMENTAL TEST PROGRAM

ENVIRONMENTAL TEST

1. RADIO INTERFERENCE (SYSTEM) NO SUSCEPTIBILITY

.... MINOR RADIATION

2. EXPLOSION (SYSTEM) ✓

3. VIBRATION

RECEIVER ✓
 SYNCHRONIZER ✓
 NAV. TIE-IN ✓
 POWER SUPPLY ✓
 MODULATOR ✓
 DUPLEX. DRIVER ✓
 RESONANT RING —
 TWT ✓
 RECORDER

MTG BRACKET FAILED, CORRECTED. RECHECK
 NOISE FIGURE DETERIORATED.
 MOVEMENT OF LENS, MIRROR →

→ **SPECIAL INVESTIGATION**

10,20 ~ FROM POD
 120,160 ~ FROM ENGINE

4. CRASH SAFETY (SYSTEM) PLANNED
5. TEMP. ALTITUDE (SYSTEM) PLANNED

ENVIRONMENTAL TEST SCHEDULE

	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE
SYSTEM VIBRATION	<input type="checkbox"/>						
RECODER VIBRATION		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
MODIFIED TO NEW CONFIGURATION:			<input type="checkbox"/>				
POWER SUPPLY, NAV-TIE, RECEIVER, FREQ. GEN.							
SYSTEM TEMP. & ALT.				<input type="checkbox"/>			
REDESIGNED SYSTEM / N.C. NEW TX.					<input type="checkbox"/>		
VIBRATION						<input type="checkbox"/>	
SYSTEM SHOCK TEST							<input type="checkbox"/>